

# **VisionLabs LUNA ID**

v.1.6.1

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# 1. Introduction

This page includes documentation for LUNA ID.

We recommend that you read the glossary and system requirements before reading the documentation.

# **About LUNA ID**

LUNA ID is a set of development tools that includes libraries and neural networks for face recognition and analysis in a mobile app.

For detailed information about LUNA ID, its key features, and usage scenarios, see Overview.

#### **API** documentation

The table below provides links to the API reference manuals.

os	Module	Link
Android	-	API reference manual
iOS	LunaCamera	LunaCamera Reference
iOS	LunaCore	LunaCore Reference
iOS	LunaWeb	LunaWeb Reference

# **Initial setup**

To learn how to start using LUNA ID in your app, see:

- Initial setup of LUNA ID for Android
- Initial setup of LUNA ID for iOS

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# 2. Overview

LUNA ID is a set of development tools that includes libraries and neural networks for face recognition and analysis in a mobile app. It also supports OCR (Optical Character Recognition) for document scanning and recognition.

Document scanning and recognition by means of OCR is provided by Regula. Regula is a third-party vendor and using the feature requires a license. For details, please refer to the Regula documentation.

Embedding LUNA ID in your mobile app allows you to use LUNA ID key features, as well as take advantage of LUNA PLATFORM 5 functionality to perform OneShotLiveness estimation and descriptor matching. For details, see Interaction of LUNA ID with LUNA PLATFORM 5.

# 2.1 Supported operating systems and programming languages

LUNA ID is compatible with the Android and iOS operating systems. For details, see System and hardware requirements.

The supported programming languages are:

- Kotlin for Android app development
- Swift for iOS app development

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# 2.2 Use cases

Embedding LUNA ID in your mobile app allows you to implement the following use cases:

# Client enrollment

Flow: Registration

The process of creating a new user account, which includes face recognition and, optionally, document recognition.

#### User authentication

Flow: Verification (1:1)

The process of verifying a user when logging into an app account against the authorized biometry for the specified login. Available after registration.

The use case does not involve the use of OCR.

# User recognition

Flow: Identification (1:N)

The process of user identification when a user's face is compared with all the faces in the database to recognize the user among the existing ones and to match the detected face with an existing user account.

You can use OCR in this use case.

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# 2.3 Key features

LUNA ID provides the following features:

- Getting the best shot:
  - Estimating the best shot by the following criteria:
    - Number of faces in the frame
    - Face detection bounding box size
    - Frame edges offset
    - Eyes state (open, closed, or occluded)
    - Head pose (pitch, yaw, and roll)
    - Average garbage score (AGS)
    - Image quality (lightness, darkness, and blurriness)
  - Sending images with the detected face to LUNA PLATFORM 5 to perform
     OneShotLiveness estimation on the backend. OneShotLiveness estimation enables
     you to confirm whether a person in the image is "real" or a fraudster using a fake ID
     (printed face photo, video, paper, or 3D mask). For details, see Performing
     OneShotLiveness estimation.
  - Dynamic Liveness estimation to determine whether a person is alive by interacting with a camera. The estimation is performed on your device without processing it on the backend. For details, see Performing Dynamic Liveness estimation
- Video stream recording and face detection in the video stream. For details, see Information about a recorded video stream. You can record either full video sessions or only video sessions in which a face was detected in at least one frame.
- Optional document scanning and recognition by means of OCR.
  - The feature is provided by Regula. For details, please refer to the Regula documentation.
- Sending source images to LUNA PLATFORM 5 for descriptor matching on the backend. It allows you to perform the following tasks:
  - Verify that the face in an image belongs to a person from a client list (1:N identification).
  - Match the detected face with the face that corresponds to the client ID in a global database (1:1 verification).

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# 2.4 Interaction of LUNA ID with LUNA PLATFORM 5

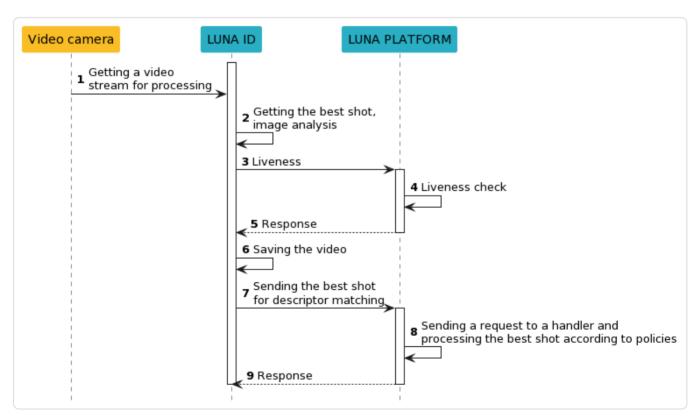
Interaction between LUNA ID and LUNA PLATFORM 5 extends LUNA ID functionality and allows you to perform the following tasks:

- **Perform OneShotLiveness estimation** to determine whether a person's face is real or fake, for example, a photo or printed image.
- Send the best shot for descriptor matching to compare a set of properties and helper parameters, which describe a person's face, with the source image to determine the similarity of represented objects. The result is a similarity score, where 1 means completely identical, and 0 means completely different.

LUNA ID interacts with LUNA PLATFORM 5 via REST API.

LUNA PLATFORM 5 functions as the backend and lets you create and use handlers. Handlers are sets of rules or policies that describe how to process the received images. For details on how to create and use handlers, see the LUNA PLATFORM 5 documentation.

The below diagram shows how LUNA ID interacts with LUNA PLATFORM 5. We recommend that you use it to integrate LUNA ID into your app.



Interaction of LUNA ID with LUNA PLATFORM 5 through a middleware

As the diagram shows, the process of interaction between LUNA ID and LUNA PLATFORM 5 is a back-and-forth communication between the frontend and backend.

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Your mobile app runs on the frontend and embeds LUNA ID to use its key features. LUNA ID sends requests to LUNA PLATFORM 5 that functions as the backend.

But, when your production system is deployed, an interaction between LUNA ID and LUNA PLATFORM 5 is not realized directly. The interaction occurs via a secure channel through a middleware service that provides encryption and protection of the data being transferred.

**Important.** This document describes an example of direct interaction between LUNA ID and LUNA PLATFORM 5. VisionLabs does not provide security solutions for data transfer. You need to provide data protection by yourself.

We recommend that you use security best practices to protect data transfer. You should pay attention to the following security aspects:

- If you want to use the HTTPS protocol, then you need to add NGINX or other similar software to the backend.
- If you want to use the TLS cryptographic protocol, then you need to implement it at your mobile app.
- You might need to configure a firewall correctly.
- To restrict access, you can use LUNA PLATFORM 5 tokens, which can be transferred to a request header from LUNA ID.

# 2.5 Usage scenarios

This section describes sample LUNA ID usage scenarios.

These are only examples. You need to change them according to your business logic.

# 2.5.1 Scenario 1: Getting images

### **Scenario description**

You want to get a photo with a person's face, and then implement your own business logic for processing the image.

# Scenario realization stages

Applying this scenario in your mobile app proceeds in stages:

- Getting the best shot with the detected face for best shot estimation.
- Getting a warp or source image with the face on a mobile device to transfer it to an external system.

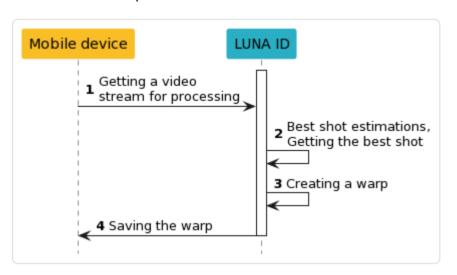
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# **Scenario realization steps**

The scenario has the following steps:

- 1. Video stream processing and face detection.
- 2. Getting the best shot based on standard best shot estimations. In some cases, the best shot is an image that also successfully passed OneShotLiveness estimation.
- 3. Getting a warp.
- 4. Saving the warp on the device. You can then send it to a middleware for further processing.

The diagram below shows the steps of this scenario:



Scenario realization steps

# 2.5.2 Scenario 2: Complete face recognition cycle

# **Scenario description**

You want to run a full face recognition cycle using frontend and backend.

# **Scenario realization stages**

Applying a full face recognition cycle in your mobile app proceeds in stages:

- Getting the best shot with the detected face for best shot and OneShotLiveness estimation.
- Identifying that the face in the image belongs to a person from a client list (1:N identification).
- Matching the detected face with the face corresponding to the client ID in a global database (1:1 verification).

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# **Prerequisites**

To use this scenario, you need to configure LUNA PLATFORM 5 for it to work with LUNA ID. For details on how LUNA PLATFORM 5 works, see the LUNA PLATFORM 5 documentation.

The preliminary steps are:

- 1. Create a LUNA PLATFORM 5 account. For details, see Create account.
- 2. Create a list of faces in LUNA PLATFORM 5 for further identification and verification. For details, see Create list.
- 3. Add faces to the list by generating a handler event with the <code>link\_to\_lists\_policy</code> enabled.
- 4. Create handlers for the following operations:
  - Identification
  - Verification

# **Scenario realization steps**

The scenario has the following steps:

- You should perform some of the scenario realization steps in LUNA PLATFORM 5.
- 1. Video stream processing and face detection.
- 2. Getting the best shot.
- 3. Sending the selected best shot for OneShotLiveness estimation in the backend.
- 4. Performing OneShotLiveness estimation at the LUNA PLATFORM 5 /liveness resource. The source image is required for the estimation.
- 5. Creating a warp for further face recognition, if the previous steps were successfully passed.
- 6. Saving the video stream with the detected face on the mobile device.
- 7. Sending the best shot to LUNA PLATFORM 5 for identification according to the existing list.
- 8. Performing the identification at the LUNA PLATFORM 5 /handler\_id/events resource. This step creates a temporary attribute that will be used in step 11.
- 9. Receiving the results.
- 10. Sending a request for verification according to the existing list to LUNA PLATFORM 5.

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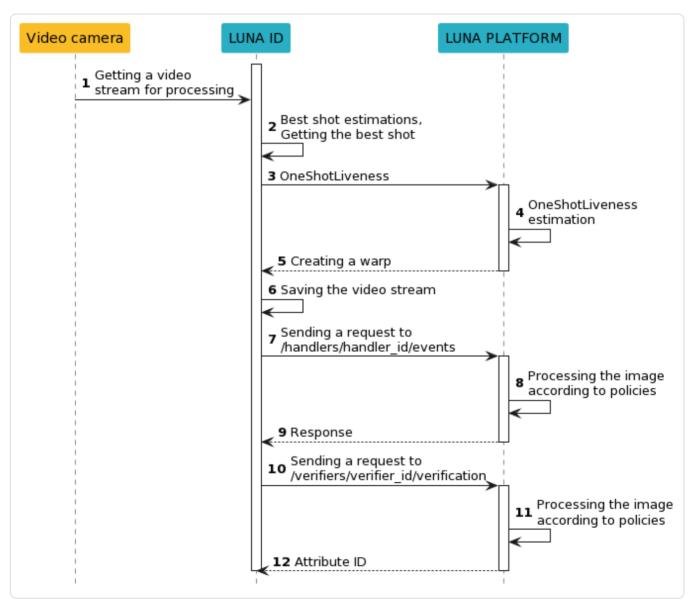
# 11. Performing the verification at the LUNA PLATFORM 5 /verifiers/verifier\_id/verification resource.

The resource does not create event objects in LUNA PLATFORM 5 with information about image processing.

# 12. Returning the attribute ID.

When implementing the scenario, you can either perform identification (step 8) or verification (step 10), not necessarily perform the both.

The diagram below shows the steps of this scenario:



Scenario realization steps

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# 2.6 Information about a recorded video stream

LUNA ID saves video stream to file with the following parameters:

Parameters	Android	iOS
Duration limits	None	None
Resolution	320x240 pixels	1280x720 pixels
Frame rate	30 fps	30 fps
File format	.mp4	.mov
Video compression standard	.H264	.H264
Audio recording	None	None
Video stream re- recording	Yes The file with the recorded video stream is overwritten when a new video session starts.	Yes The file with the recorded video stream is overwritten when a new video session starts.

As LUNA ID does not limit a duration of a video stream, we recommend that you limit it at the client app level. This will help you minimize the size of the video file and possible security issues.

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# 3. System and hardware requirements

To use LUNA ID, the following system and hardware requirements must be met:

Requirement	Android	iOS
OS version	5.0 or later	13 or later
CPU architecture	arm64-v8a, armeabi-v7a, x86_64, x86	arm64
Developments tools	Android SDK 21	XCode 13.2 or later
Free RAM	400 MB or more	400 MB or more

# 3.1 Information about third-party software

# **3.1.1 LUNA SDK**

LUNA ID is based on LUNA SDK:

- LUNA ID for Android uses LUNA SDK v.5.16.0.
- LUNA ID for iOS uses LUNA SDK v.5.16.0.

# **3.1.2 Regula**

Regula is third-party vendor that provides the document and scanning feature by means of OCR (Object Character Recognition). Using the feature requires a license. For details, please refer to the Regula documentation.

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# 4. Licensing

To integrate LUNA ID with your project and use its features, you need to activate the license.

# 4.1 License activation

To activate the license:

- 1) Request **Server**, **EID**, and **ProductID** from VisionLabs. For details, see License parameters.
- 2) Specify the received parameters in the *license.conf* file and save the changes.
- 3) Place the file in the following directories of your project:
  - Android: assets/data/license.conf
  - iOS: fsdk.framework/data/license.conf

The license key will be generated and saved to the specified directory. The license file has a binary format. At the next launch of the product on the same device, the license will be read from this file.

Now you can use LUNA ID.

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# 4.2 License parameters

License parameters and further processing requires the following parameter:

Parameter	Description	Туре	Default value	Required
Server	Activation server URL	Value::String	Not set	Yes
EID	Entitlement ID	Value::String	Not set	Yes
ProductID	Product ID	Value::String	Not set	Yes
Filename	The default name of the file to save the license to after activation. The maximum length of the file name is 64 symbols. We do not recommend that you change this name.	Value::String	Not set	No
ContainerMode	If run in container.	"Value::Int1"	0	No
ConnectionTimeout	The maximum time, in seconds, for the transfer operation to take. Setting the timeout to 0 means that it never times out during transfer. You can't set the parameter to a negative value. The maximum value is 300 seconds.	Value::Int1	15	No

# 4.3 Example license file

Below is a sample content of the "license.conf" file:

```
<section name="Licensing::Settings">
    <param name="Server" type="Value::String" text=""/>
    <param name="EID" type="Value::String" text=""/>
    <param name="ProductID" type="Value::String" text=""/>
    <param name="Filename" type="Value::String" text="license.dat"/>
    <param name="ContainerMode" type="Value::Int1" x="0"/>
    <param name="ConnectionTimeout" type="Value::Int1" x="15"/>
    </section>
```

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# **5. Glossary**

Term	Description
Average garbage score (AGS)	A BestShotQuality estimator component that determined the source image score for further descriptor extraction and matching. Estimation output is a float score which is normalized in range [01]. The closer score to 1, the better matching result is received for the image.
Best shot	The frame of the video stream on which the face is fixed in the optimal angle for further processing.
Descriptor	Data set in closed, binary format prepared by recognition system based on the characteristic being analyzed.
Estimator	Neural network used to estimate a certain parameter of the face in the source image.
Eye estimation	Estimator that determines an eye status (open, closed, occluded) and precise eye iris and eyelid location as an array of landmarks.
Face	Changeable objects that include information about a human face.
Handler	Set of rules or policies that describe how to process the received images.
Landmarks	Reference points on the face used by recognition algorithms to localize the face.
Liveness	Software method that enables you to confirm whether a person in one or more images is "real" or a fraudster using a fake ID (printed face photo, video, paper, or 3D mask).
LUNA PLATFORM	Automated face and body recognition system that allows you to perform face detection, Liveness check biometric template extraction, descriptor extraction, quality and attribute estimation, such as gender, age, and so on, on images using neural networks.
Matching	The process of descriptors comparison. Matching is usually implemented as a distance function applied to the feature sets and distances comparison later on. The smaller the distance, the closer are descriptors, hence, the more similar are the objects.
Occlusion	State of an object (eye, mouth) when it is hidden by any other object.
Samples, Warps	Normalized (centered and cropped) image obtained after face detection, prior to descriptor extraction.
Verification	Comparison of two photo images of a face in order to determine belonging to the same face.
Verifier	Specifies a list of rules for processing and verifying incoming images. Unlike handlers, it not only processes, but also verifies the images.

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# 6. API documentation

# **6.1 API documentation**

This section includes links to LUNA ID for iOS and LUNA ID for Android RESTful API reference manuals. You can use these documents to find out about LUNA ID features and their implementation.

The table below provides links to the API reference manuals.

os	Module	Link
Android	-	API reference manual
iOS	LunaCamera	LunaCamera Reference
iOS	LunaCore	LunaCore Reference
iOS	LunaWeb	LunaWeb Reference

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# **6.2 Changelog**

# **6.2.1** API changes made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.5.0 in comparison to v. 1.4.x

This topic lists API changes that were made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.5.0 in comparison to v. 1.4.x.

# The changes are:

- 1. The whole flow of a LUNA ID camera is now exposed via LunalD.allEvents(). You can subscribe to it to catch all events or subscribe to specific events, for example:
- LunaID.finishStates()
- LunaID.detectionCoordinates()
- LunaID.detectionErrors()
- LunaID.interactions()
- 2. All callbacks were replaced with the native Flow API:
  - The detection coordinates API was changed. The CameraOverlayDelegateOut class was removed. Instead, use LunaID.detectionCoordinates().
  - The CameraUIDelegate class was removed. Instead, use LunaID.finishStates(). That is, CameraUIDelegate#bestShot, CameraUIDelegate#canceled, CameraUIDelegate#error are no longer supported.
  - LunalD.showCamera() does not require CameraUIDelegate anymore.
  - LunaID.unregisterListener() was removed.
  - LunaID.popLastCameraState() and LunaID.getLastCameraState() were removed.
  - LunaError and its descendants were replaced with the DetectionError enumeration. For example, instead of LunaError.messageResId, use DetectionError.messageResId.
  - Interaction parameters moved from LunaConfig. Now, to setup a blink interaction, provide its parameters to LunaID.showCamera(). For example, instead of LunaConfig.interactionEnabled or LunaConfig.interactionTimeout, use BlinkInteraction().
- 3. LunaID.showCamera() now accepts a list of interactions to be run.

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# **6.2.2 API** changes made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.5.1 in comparison to v. 1.5.0

This topic lists API changes that were made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.5.1 in comparison to v. 1.5.0.

The changes apply to OneShotLiveness estimation configuration.

Prior to the API changes, LunalD.init() accepted an argument of the LivenessSettings type to specify how the estimation will be performed. This argument no longer exists. Instead, the estimation is set in LunaConfig.

For details, see Enabling OneShotLiveness estimation and Disabling OneShotLiveness estimation.

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# **6.2.3 API** changes made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.6.0 in comparison to v. **1.5.1**

This topic lists API changes that were made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.6.0 in comparison to v. 1.5.1.

# The changes are:

• Now, build.gradle does not require the following code block:

```
androidResources(
ignoreAssetsPatterns.addAll(
...
)
```

- The BestShot class does not contain the pre-computed descriptor field. To get a descriptor of a particular version, use LunaUtils. For details, see Using descriptors.
- Now, LunalD.init() does not accept the areDescriptorsEnabled parameter. For details, see Using descriptors.

In earlier versions of LUNA ID for Android, the main distribution package included all .plan files. You could exclude unnecessary .plan files by using <code>ignoreAssetsPatterns</code> . Now, the <code>ai.visionlabs.lunaid:core:1.6.0</code> package includes only necessary .plan files. The files are:

- FaceDet\_v2\_first\_arm.plan
- FaceDet v2 second arm.plan
- FaceDet\_v2\_third\_arm.plan
- ags angle estimation flwr arm.plan
- ags v3 cpuplan
- eye\_status\_estimation\_flwr
- eyes estimation flwr8
- headpose v3
- model subjective quality v1
- model\_subjective\_quality\_v2

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Additional .plan files are available in the following distribution packages:

- ai.visionlabs.lunaid:cnn59:1.6.0 Contains the following .plan files used for descriptor generation from an image:
  - cnn59m\_arm.plan
  - cnn59m\_cpu.plan
- ai.visionlabs.lunaid:cnn52:1.6.0 Contains the following .plan files used for descriptor generation from an image:
  - cnn52m\_cpu.plan
  - cnn52m\_arm.plan

For details on using descriptors, see Using descriptors.

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# 7. Initial setup

# 7.1 Initial setup of LUNA ID for Android

This topic describes how to perform the initial setup of LUNA ID to start using it in your Android projects.

# 7.1.1 Step 1. Get the .aar file

To download the .aar file:

- 1. Specify the file repository.
- 2. Provide user credentials in the *local.properties* file.
- 3. Add the following code fragment to the repositories block in the settings.gradle.kts file:

The *settings.gradle.kts* file is located in the root directory of your project and defines which projects and libraries you need to add to your build script classpath.

```
repositories {
    ...
    ivy {
        url = java.net.URI.create("https://download.visionlabs.ru/")
        patternLayout {
            artifact ("[organisation]/[artifact]-[revision].[ext]")
            setM2compatible(false)
        }
        credentials {
            username = getLocalProperty("vl.login") as String
            password = getLocalProperty("vl.pass") as String
        }
        metadataSources { artifact() }
    }
}
```

# 7.1.2 Step 2. Provide your user credentials

Only authorized users can download artifacts from https://download.visionlabs.ru/.

To provide your user credentials, in the *local.properties* file:

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# 1. Specify your user credentials:

```
vl.login=YOUR_LOGIN
vl.pass=YOUR_PASSWORD
```

# 2. Add a function for getting your login and password:

```
fun getLocalProperty(key: String, file: String = "local.properties"): Any {
   val properties = java.util.Properties()
   val localProperties = File(file)
   if (localProperties.isFile) {
      java.io.InputStreamReader(java.io.FileInputStream(localProperties), Charsets.UTF_8).use
{ reader ->
      properties.load(reader)
   }
   } else error("File from not found: '$file'")

if (!properties.containsKey(key)) {
   error("Key not found '$key' in file '$file'")
   }
   return properties.getProperty(key)
}
```

We recommend that you add the *local.properties* file to *.gitignore* for the version control system does not track the file.

# 7.1.3 Step 3. Add the .aar file as a dependency

To initialize LUNA ID with your project, you need to add the .aar file as a dependency in the build.gradle.kts file. The build.gradle.kts file defines various build settings such as dependencies, plugins, library versions, compilation and testing settings, and so on. All these settings affect how the project is build and what functionality it contains.

To add the .aar file as a dependency, add the following piece of code to the dependencies block of the build.gradle.kts file:

```
dependencies {
...
implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:core:{VERSION}@aar")
}
```

For example, implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:core:1.2.3@aar").

You need to update the {VERSION} parameter when a new version of LUNA ID is released.

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# 7.1.4 Step 4. Initialize LUNA ID

To initialize LUNA ID in your project, specify the Application base class and the LunaID.init() function in the *build.gradle.kts* file:

```
class App : Application() {
    override fun onCreate() {
        super.onCreate()

        LunaID.init(
            app = this@App,
            lunaConfig = LunaConfig.create(),
            areDescriptorsEnabled = true
        )
     }
}
```

# 7.1.5 Step 5. Call LUNA ID functions

To use LUNA ID functionality, such as open a camera, send a request to LUNA PLATFORM 5, and so on, import LUNA ID libraries and specify the required functions in the *build.gradle.kts* file. Consider the following example:

```
import android.app.Application
import ru.visionlabs.sdk.lunacore.LunaConfig
import ru.visionlabs.sdk.lunacore.LunaCoreConfig
import ru.visionlabs.sdk.lunacore.LunaID
class DemoApp : Application () {
  override fun onCreate() {
     super.onCreate()
     LunaID.init(
       app = this@App,
       lunaConfig = LunaConfig.create(),
       areDescriptorsEnabled = true
     LunaID.showCamera()
     LunaID.apiHuman
     // specify the URL to LUNA PLATFORM
     val baseUrl = "http://luna-platform.com/api/6/"
  }
}
```

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# The example has the following components:

Component	Description
LunaID.init()	Function. Initializes the LUNA ID library.
LunaID.showCamera()	Method. Opens a mobile device camera.
LunalD.apiHuman	Property. Provides access to the LUNA PLATFORM API and allows sending requests.
baseUrl	Variable. Specifies the LUNA PLATFORM URL that is used by the LunaID.apiHuman() function.

# For detailed examples, see:

- https://github.com/VisionLabs/LunaID-Android-Examples/blob/ 62ff3ff1b7ed18fb0f816ac3c18f4231f73a6fc5/CameraExample/src/main/java/ai/ visionlabs/examples/camera/MainActivity.kt
- https://github.com/VisionLabs/LunaID-Android-Examples/blob/master/ PlatformAPIExample/src/main/java/ai/visionlabs/examples/platformapi/MainActivity.kt

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# 7.2 Initial setup of LUNA ID for iOS

This topic describes how to perform an initial setup of LUNA ID to start using it in your iOS projects.

# 7.2.1 Step 1. Add XCFrameworks

To embed XCFrameworks into your app:

1. Drag and drop the following .xcframework files from the LUNA ID installation package to the **Frameworks, Libraries, and Embedded Content** section of Xcode:

# flower.xcframework

File location: luna-id-sdk\_ios\_v.X.X.X\build\Release-iphoneos\frameworks\flower.framework\

#### fsdk.xcframework

File location: luna-id-sdk\_ios\_v.X.X.X\build\Release-iphoneos\frameworks\fsdk.framework\

### LunaAuth.xcframework

File location: luna-id-sdk\_ios\_v.X.X.X\build\Release-iphoneos\frameworks\LunaAuth.framework\

#### LunaCamera.xcframework

File location: luna-id-sdk\_ios\_v.X.X.X\build\Release-iphoneos\frameworks\LunaCamera.framework\

### LunaCore.xcframework

File location: luna-id-sdk\_ios\_v.X.X.X\build\Release-iphoneos\frameworks\LunaCore.framework\

#### LunaWeb.xcframework

File location: luna-id-sdk\_ios\_v.X.X.X\build\Release-iphoneos\frameworks\LunaWeb.framework\

### tsdk.xcframework

File location: luna-id-sdk\_ios\_v.X.X.X\build\Release-iphoneos\frameworks\tsdk.framework\

2. Make sure that all the files have the **Embed** label so that they will be bundled with your final app. Otherwise, your app will crash at start.

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# 7.2.2 Step 2. Enable OneShotLiveness estimation

To enable OneShotLiveness estimation, specify the the following parameters in the LCLunaConfiguration object at the app start:

Parameter	Description
verifyID	The ID of a verifier used to roll out LUNA PLATFORM 5.
lunaServerURL	Specifies the LUNA PLATFORM 5 host URL. The URL should not have the slash at the end. For example: https://LUNA_PLATFORM_HOST/6.

#### For example:

# 7.2.3 Step 3. Specify license data

To specify LUNA ID license data:

- 1. Request **Server**, **EID**, and **ProductID** from VisionLabs.
- 2. In the fsdk.framework/data/license.conf file, specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Server	Activation server URL.
EID	Entitlement ID.
ProductID	Product ID.

For more information about LUNA ID license activation, see Licensing.

# 7.2.4 Step 4. Create a face recognition screen in your app

To create a face recognition screen on which the video stream from the camera is displayed:

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- 1. Add the LMCameraBuilder.viewController() method in the required part of your app.
- 2. Specify the LCLunaConfiguration object as an input parameter. It allows you to set various threshold values that affect the resulting recognition screen.

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# 8. Working with LUNA ID

# 8.1 Working with best shots

# 8.1.1 Getting the best shot

With LUNA ID, you can capture video stream and get the best shot on which the face is fixed in the optimal angle for further processing.

#### In LUNA ID for Android

To get the best shot, call the LunaID.showCamera() method.

To receive a result, subscribe to LunaID.finishStates() for the StateFinished(val result: FinishResult) events.

A value of the result field depends on a best shot search result. Possible values are:

```
class ResultSuccess(val data: FinishSuccessData) : FinishResult()

class ResultFailed(val data: FinishFailedData) : FinishResult()

// when camera closed before bestshot was found
class ResultCancelled(val data: FinishCancelledData) : FinishResult()
```

#### ResultSuccess

When the best shot was found, data: FinishSuccessData will contain the found best shot and an optional path to the recorded video.

```
class FinishSuccessData(
val bestShot: BestShot,
val videoPath: String?,
)
```

#### ResultFailed

Search for the best shot can fail for various reasons. In case the search fails, the data:

FinishFailedData type will define a reason.

```
sealed class FinishFailedData {
    class InteractionFailed() : FinishFailedData()
```

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```
class LivenessCheckFailed() : FinishFailedData()

class LivenessCheckError(val cause: Throwable?) : FinishFailedData()

class UnknownError(val cause: Throwable?) : FinishFailedData()

}
```

#### ResultCancelled

If a user closes camera screen before the best shot was found, data: FinishCancelledData will contain an optional path to the recorded video.

Since for getting the best shot, you open a camera in a new Activity class, pay special attention to the lifecycle of your code components. For example, the calling Activity class may be terminated or a presenter or view model may be recreated while searching for the best shot. In these cases, subscribe to any of the flows exposed via the LunalD class (.allEvents(), interactions(), and so on) with respect to a component's lifecycle. To do this, consider using the flowWithLifecycle() and launchln() extension functions available for the Flow class in Kotlin.

#### **EXAMPLE**

The example below shows how to subscribe to the StateFinished events with respect to components' lifecycles:

```
LunalD.finishStates()
.flowOn(Dispatchers.IO)
.flowWithLifecycle(lifecycleOwner.lifecycle, Lifecycle.State.STARTED)
.onEach {
    when (it.result) {
        is LunalD.FinishResult.ResultSuccess -> {
            val image = (it.result as LunalD.FinishResult.ResultSuccess).data.bestShot
        }
        is LunalD.FinishResult.ResultCancelled -> {

        }
        is LunalD.FinishResult.ResultFailed -> {
            val failReason = (it.result as LunalD.FinishResult.ResultFailed).data
        }
    }
    }
}
.launchIn(viewModelScope)
```

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#### In LUNA ID for iOS

To get the best shots, pass a value to the delegate parameter of the LMCameraBuilder.viewController camera controller instance creation function that conforms to the LMCameraDelegate protocol.

With the implementation of the LMCameraDelegate protocol, the camera controller will interact with the user application. In the implemented methods, you will receive the best shot or the corresponding error.

```
public protocol LMCameraDelegate: AnyObject {
  func bestShot(_ bestShot: LunaCore.LCBestShot, _ videoFile: String?)
  func error(_ error: LMCameraError, _ videoFile: String?)
}
```

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### 8.1.2 Best shot estimations

This topic describes estimations that LUNA ID performs to evaluate image quality and determine whether the given image is the best shot or not.

#### **How it works**

LUNA ID searches for a face in each frame of a video stream recorded with your device's camera. The frame must contain only one face for LUNA ID to perform a series of estimations. Only frames with faces that pass these estimations are considered the best shots.

In LUNA ID for Android, the LunalD.allEvents() event (or more specialized LunalD.finishStates()) will emit the ResultSuccess event with the best shot found and an optional path to the recorded video.

In LUNA ID for iOS, the CameraUIDelegate.bestShot() callback receives the best shot.

If an estimation fails, the corresponding error message is returned.

In LUNA ID for Android, the best shot estimations are specified in LunaConfig.kt.

In LUNA ID for iOS, you can change values of best shot estimations' parameters in the LCLunaConfiguration structure.

#### **Estimations**

LUNA ID performs the following estimations to determine whether an image is the best shot:

## **FACE DETECTION BOUNDING BOX SIZE**

#### **Description**

The estimation determines that a bounding box size with the detected face corresponds to the specified size. The estimation helps to check if a face is far from the camera.

The minimum recommended size of the face bounding box is 200x200 pixels.

The default value is 200 pixels.

# LUNA ID for Android LUNA ID for iOS public const val DEFAULT\_MIN\_DETECT\_FRAME\_SIZE: Int LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → minDetSize = 200;

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#### **Implementation**

#### **LUNA ID for Android**

public val detectFrameSize: Int =
DEFAULT MIN DETECT FRAME SIZE

#### **LUNA ID for iOS**

@property (nonatomic, assign) NSInteger minDetSize:

#### **FRAME EDGES OFFSET**

#### Description

The estimation determines the distance from the frame edges and is based on the face detection bounding box size estimation.

The minimal border distance for best shot estimation without further OneShotLiveness estimation is 0 pixels.

For OneShotLiveness estimation, the minimal border distance is 10 pixels.

The default value is 24 pixels in LUNA ID for Android and 10 pixels in LUNA ID for iOS.

#### **LUNA ID for Android**

# public val DEFAULT\_BORDER\_DISTANCE: Int = 8.dpToPx

#### **LUNA ID for iOS**

LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → borderDistance = 10;

### **Implementation**

#### **LUNA ID for Android**

public val borderDistance: Int =
DEFAULT\_BORDER\_DISTANCE

## LUNA ID for iOS

@property (nonatomic, assign) NSInteger borderDistance;

#### **EYES STATE**

#### Description

The estimation determines an eye state: open, closed, occluded.

The frames in which one or both eyes are closed are skipped.

If Dynamic Liveness is enabled, all frames can be considered the best shots, despite the eyes status.

#### **Implementation**

#### **LUNA ID for Android**

The estimation is performed only if eye interaction is enabled.

#### **LUNA ID for iOS**

@property (nonatomic, assign) BOOL checkEyes;
If set to true, the best shot with closed eyes
will be skipped.

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#### **HEAD POSE**

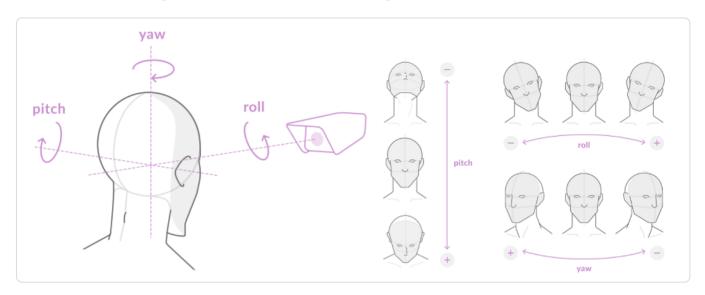
#### **Description**

The estimation determines a person's head rotation angles in 3D space, that is pitch, yaw, and roll.

The pitch rotation angle limits the head rotation along the X axis.

The yaw rotation angle limits the head rotation along the Y axis.

The roll rotation angle limits the head rotation along the Z axis.



Head pose

Acceptable angle ranges, in degrees, are 0-45.

The pitch, yaw, and roll values must be between the minimal and maximum valid head position values.

The default values are:

Angle	LUNA ID for Android	LUNA ID for iOS
Pitch	<pre>public const val  DEFAULT_HEAD_PITCH: Float = 25F</pre>	LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → estimationThreshold → headPitch = 25;
Yaw	<pre>public const val DEFAULT_HEAD_YAW: Float = 25F</pre>	LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → estimationThreshold → headYaw = 25;
Roll	<pre>public const val  DEFAULT_HEAD_ROLL: Float = 25F</pre>	LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → estimationThreshold → headRoll = 25;

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#### Implementation

Angle	LUNA ID for Android	LUNA ID for iOS
Pitch	<pre>public val headPitch: Float = DEFAULT_HEAD_PITCH</pre>	<pre>@property (nonatomic) CGFloat headPitch;</pre>
Yaw	public val headYaw: Float = DEFAULT_HEAD_YAW	@property (nonatomic) CGFloat headYaw;
Roll	public val headRoll: Float = DEFAULT_HEAD_ROLL	@property (nonatomic) CGFloat headRoll;

#### AGS (AVERAGE GARBAGE SCORE)

#### **Description**

The estimation determines the source image score for further descriptor extraction and matching.

An estimation output is a float score which is normalized in range [0..1]. The closer score to 1, the better matching result is received for the image.

The AGS estimation value must be between the minimal and maximum values:

LUNA ID for Android	LUNA ID for iOS
<pre>public const val AGS_MIN: Float = 0F</pre>	$\label{eq:local_local_local_local} \mbox{LCLunaConfiguration} \rightarrow \mbox{bestShotConfiguration} \rightarrow \mbox{estimationThreshold} \rightarrow \mbox{ags} \\ = 0;$
<pre>public const val AGS_MAX: Float = 1F</pre>	$\label{eq:local_local_local} \mbox{LCLunaConfiguration} \rightarrow \mbox{bestShotConfiguration} \rightarrow \mbox{estimationThreshold} \rightarrow \mbox{ags} \\ = 1;$

#### The default value is 0.5.

LUNA ID for Android	LUNA ID for iOS
<pre>public const val DEFAULT_AGS: Float = 0.5F</pre>	$\label{eq:local_local_local_local} \begin{tabular}{ll} LCLunaConfiguration $\rightarrow$ bestShotConfiguration $\rightarrow$ estimationThreshold $\rightarrow$ ags = 0.5; \end{tabular}$

#### Implementation

LUNA ID for Android	LUNA ID for iOS
public val ags: Float = DEFAULT_AGS	@property (nonatomic) CGFloat ags;

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#### **IMAGE QUALITY ESTIMATION**

#### **Description**

The estimation determines an image quality by the following criteria:

- The image is blurred.
- The image is underexposed, that is, too dark.
- The image is overexposed, that is, too light.
- The face in the image is illuminated unevenly and there is a great difference between dark and light regions.
- The image contains flares on face, that is, too specular.

To perform the estimation, LUNA ID uses the LUNA SDK SubjectiveQuality estimator. For details, see Image Quality Estimation.

The default values are:

Parameter	Default value
Blurriness	0.61
Lightness	0.57
Darkness	0.50
Illumination	0.1
Specularity	0.1

#### **BEST SHOT CAPTURE PERIOD**

#### **Description**

The estimation determines that the frame was received in the time interval allotted for the best shot.

The estimation is performed only in LUNA ID for iOS.

The default value is 5.

#### Implementation

@property (nonatomic, assign) NSTimeInterval interactionTimeout;

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## **8.2 Working with OneShotLiveness**

#### 8.2.1 About OneShotLiveness estimation

OneShotLiveness is an algorithm for determining whether a person in one or more images is "real" or a fraudster using a fake ID (printed face photo, video, paper, or 3D mask).

OneShotLiveness is used as a pre-check before performing face detection.

To perform the OneShotLiveness estimation, LUNA ID sends a request to the LUNA PLATFORM 5 /liveness endpoint. For more details about LUNA ID and LUNA PLATFORM 5 interaction, see the **Interaction of LUNA ID with LUNA PLATFORM 5** section of LUNA ID overview.

#### **Image requirements**

An image that LUNA ID takes as input must be a source image and meet the following requirements:

Parameters	Requirements
File format	PNG, RGB color model
Resolution	FullHD Minimum acceptable dimensions: 720x960 pixels Maximum acceptable dimensions: 1080x1920 pixels
Compression	No
Image cropping	No
Effects overlay	No
Number of faces in the frame	1
Face detection bounding box size	More than 200 pixels
Frame edges offset	More than 10 pixels
Head pose	-20 to +20 degrees for head pitch, yaw, and roll
Image quality	The face in the frame should not be overexposed, underexposed, or blurred.

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#### **OneShotLiveness thresholds**

By default, two thresholds are used for OneShotLiveness estimation:

- Quality threshold
- Liveness threshold

#### **QUALITY THRESHOLD**

Quality threshold estimates the input image by the following parameters:

- Lightness (overexposure)
- Darkness (underexposure)
- Blurriness
- Illumination
- Specularity

The table below has the default threshold values. These values are set to optimal:

Threshold	Value
blurThreshold	0.61
darknessThreshold	0.50
lightThreshold	0.57
illuminationThreshold	0.1
specularityThreshold	0.1

For details on image quality estimation, see Image Quality Estimation and Quality estimator settings.

#### **LIVENESS THRESHOLD**

Liveness threshold is the threshold lower which the system will consider the result as a presentation attack.

For images received from mobile devices, the default liveness threshold value is **0.5**. For details, see Liveness threshold.

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## 8.2.2 Enabling OneShotLiveness estimation

You can automatically perform the OneShotLiveness estimation, that is to determine if the person in the image is a living person or a photograph. You can then validate the received images with LUNA PLATFORM 5.

#### In LUNA ID for Android

To enable the OneShotLiveness estimation:

1. Specify the livenessType: LivenessType field in LunaConfig. The field accepts one of the following values:

Value	Description
None	Disables the estimation. The default value.
Online	Enables the estimation by sending a request to the LUNA PLATFORM 5 /liveness endpoint.

2. Specify the required LUNA PLATFORM 5 server parameters in ApiHumanConfig.

The example below shows how to enable the OneShotLiveness estimation:

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#### In LUNA ID for iOS

To enable the OneShotLiveness estimation, you need to pass appropriate values for the livenessAPI and configuration parameters to the camera controller instance creation function LMCameraBuilder.viewController:

let controller = LMCameraBuilder.viewController(delegate: self, configuration: LCLunaConfiguration, livenessAPI: livenessAPI)

Parameter	Description
configuration	The parameter is represented by the LCLunaConfiguration structure.
livenessAPI	The API should be of type LunaWeb.LivenessAPIv6.

The API accepts the configuration parameter, which contains all the necessary settings for checking liveness.

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## 8.2.3 Disabling OneShotLiveness estimation

If you want to skip a liveness estimation over the best shot, you can disable the OneShotLiveness estimation.

#### In LUNA ID for Android

To disable the OneShotLiveness estimation, set the livenessType: LivenessType field to None in LunaConfig.

If livenessType: LivenessType is not specified, the OneShotLiveness estimation is disabled by default.

The example below shows how to disable the OneShotLiveness estimation:

#### In LUNA ID for iOS

To disable the OneShotLiveness estimation, disable sending of OneShotLiveness estimation requests to LUNA PLATFORM 5 by setting livenessType to line. For example:

```
private lazy var configuration: LCLunaConfiguration = {
    let configuration = LCLunaConfiguration.defaultConfig()
    ...
    configuration.bestShotConfiguration.livenessType = .none
    ...
    return configuration
}()
```

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## **8.3 Working with Dynamic Liveness**

## **8.3.1 Performing Dynamic Liveness estimation**

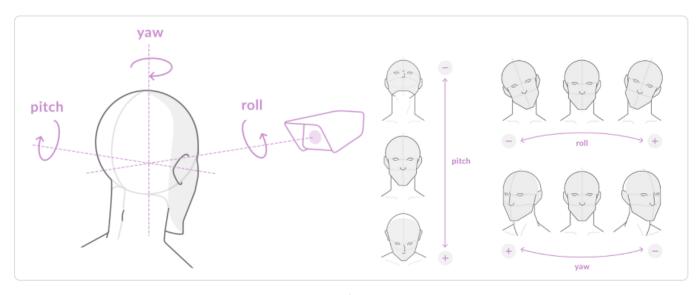
Dynamic Liveness estimation aims to determine whether a person is alive by interacting with a camera in your app.

#### **Interaction types**

To perform the Dynamic Liveness estimation, you can implement the following user interaction types:

- Blinking.
- Head rotation to the left along the Y axis.
- Head rotation to the right along the Y axis.
- Head pitch up along the X axis.
- Head pitch down along the X axis.

The picture below shows head rotation angles.



Head pose

#### In LUNA ID for Android

By default, all user interactions with a camera are disabled. The Dynamic Liveness estimation does not start.

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To enable the estimation, pass the Interactions argument to LunaID.showCamera(). For example:

```
public fun showCamera(
...
  interactions: Interactions = Interactions()
)
```

Interactions is a container for interaction parameters. You can add the following interactions to it:

Parameter	Description
YawLeftInteraction	Enables user interaction via rotating the head to the left along the Y axis.
YawRightInteraction	Enables user interaction via rotating the head to the right along the Y axis.
PitchUpInteraction	Enables user interaction via pitching the head up along the X axis.
PitchDownInteraction	Enables user interaction via pitching the head down along the X axis.
BlinkInteraction	Enables user interaction via blinking.

#### Important notes:

- You can specify each parameter only once.
- The interaction parameters will be launched in the order you specify them in your code.

Each interaction type has the timeoutMs parameter. It determines the time during which this interaction must be completed.

The YawLeftInteraction, YawRightInteraction, PitchUpInteraction, and PitchDownInteraction interactions have the startAngleDeg and endAngleDeg parameters. The parameters determine the angle at which the user must rotate their head for the interaction to be considered successful.

If an interaction fails, the flow of getting the best shot finishes, and LunaID.allEvents() receives the InteractionFailed event.

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#### In LUNA ID for iOS

To implement user interactions with a camera, pass appropriate values for the livenessAPI and configuration parameters to the LMCameraBuilder.viewController camera controller instance creation function:

let controller = LMCameraBuilder.viewController(delegate: self, configuration: LCLunaConfiguration, livenessAPI: livenessAPI)

Parameter	Description
configuration	The parameter is represented by the LCLunaConfiguration structure. The LCLunaConfiguration → InteractionEnabled = true parameter is responsible for interaction with the camera.
livenessAPI	The API should be of type LunaWeb.LivenessAPIv6.

The API accepts the configuration parameter, which contains all the necessary settings for checking Dynamic Liveness.

#### **SPECIFY A NUMBER OF INTERACTIONS**

The interaction generator produces a random sequence of interactions from the interaction types list.

You can specify a number of interactions to be performed. To do this, pass the stepsNumber parameter to the following property of the LCLunaConfiguration class:

@property (nonatomic, strong) LCInteractionsConfig \*interactionsConfig;

The number of interactions must not exceed 5.

#### **SET A TIMEOUT**

You can set a timeout for every interaction to be performed. To do this, pass the interactionTimeout parameter to the following property of the LCLunaConfiguration class:

@property (nonatomic, strong) LCInteractionsConfig \*interactionsConfig;

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## 8.3.2 Interception of Dynamic Liveness interaction events

You can intercept interaction events via LunaID.detectionCoordinates().

**Note.** This feature is available in LUNA ID for Android only.

You will receive structure similar to the "error" and "detection" events:

```
{
    "action": "interaction",
    "state": ...
}
```

Where state is an object of the LunaInteraction class.

```
public enum class LunaInteraction {
   INTERACTION_FAILED,
   INTERACTION_STARTED,

   INTERACTION_EYES_OPENED,
   INTERACTION_EYES_CLOSED,
   INTERACTION_EYES_OPENED_AGAIN,

   INTERACTION_SUCCESS
}
```

Just like with errors based on this state, you can control how interaction messages will look like.

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## **8.3.3 Customizing Dynamic Liveness notifications**

You can customize messages that are shown when a user performs blinking to fulfill the Dynamic Liveness estimation. For example, you can change:

- Notification language
- Fonts
- Font colors
- Background colors

#### In LUNA ID for Android

To customize Dynamic Liveness notifications:

- 1. Call LunaID.showCamera() with ShowCameraParams (disableInteractionTips=true).
- 2. Subscribe to CameraOverlayDelegateOut.receive to receive interaction events.
- 3. Implement your own camera overlay. For an example of creating an overlay, see LUNA ID Android Examples.
- 4. Use the overlay to implement any logic to show or hide customized interaction tips wherever you like.

#### In LUNA ID for iOS

To customize Dynamic Liveness notifications, use the

func showNotificationMessage(\_newMessage: String) method of LMVideoStreamNotificationViewProtocol.

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## 8.4 Working with video streams

## 8.4.1 Recording a video stream

Recording a video stream is a task you may need to perform for further processing of images and getting the best shot.

#### In LUNA ID for Android

To record a video stream, open a camera by using recordVideo = true. For example:

```
LunaID.showCamera(
...
recordVideo = true,
)
```

When the camera finishes its work, LunalD.allEvents() (or more specialized LunalD.finishStates()) will emit the ResultSuccess event with the best shot found and an optional path to the recorded video. The entire process of getting the best shot is written to this video file.

LUNA ID does not manage the video file. This means, that file management, that is deletion, copying, sending to a server, and so on, is performed on your side.

The recording stops when the best shot is captured or when a user closes the camera before LUNA ID gets the best shot.

#### In LUNA ID for iOS

To record a video stream:

1. Define the recordVideo parameter as true in:

```
let controller = LMCameraBuilder.viewController(delegate: self, recordVideo: true)
```

2. Find the video file path in the bestShot function in the LMCameraDelegate protocol.

```
public protocol LMCameraDelegate: AnyObject {
  func bestShot(_ bestShot: LunaCore.LCBestShot, _ videoFile: String?)
  func error(_ error: LMCameraError, _ videoFile: String?)
```

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}

The detected face in the frame is tracked all the time when the camera is on.

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## 8.4.2 Recording a video stream only with the face detected

With LUNA ID, you can record either entire video sessions or only video sessions in which a face was detected in at least one frame.

#### In LUNA ID for Android

To do this, call LunaID.showCamera() with ShowCameraParams(recordVideo=true, ignoreVideoWithoutFace=true).

#### In LUNA ID for iOS

To do this, pass appropriate values for the recordVideo and configuration parameters to the LMCameraBuilder.viewController camera controller instance creation function:

Parameter	Description
configuration	The parameter is represented by the LCLunaConfiguration structure. The LCLunaConfiguration → saveOnlyFaceVideo = true parameter is responsible for saving video files only with a face detected.
recordVideo	The parameter is responsible for saving the video file.

You can find the video file path in the bestShot function in the LMCameraDelegate protocol.

```
public protocol LMCameraDelegate: AnyObject {
  func bestShot(_ bestShot: LunaCore.LCBestShot, _ videoFile: String?)
  func error(_ error: LMCameraError, _ videoFile: String?)
}
```

The detected face in the frame is tracked all the time when the camera is on.

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## 8.5 Working with logs

#### 8.5.1 Getting logs from mobile devices

LUNA ID writes service information to the logging system of the corresponding platform - Android and iOS. You can use this information diagnose and debug both the user application that uses LUNA ID and to debug and fix LUNA ID.

A common problem that requires getting logs is related to the image that LUNA ID takes as input. Before you start collecting logs, make sure that the image meets the requirements and the thresholds are correctly configured to pass the OneShotLiveness estimation. For more information on image requirements and thresholds, see About OneShotLiveness estimation.

#### Data to be provided to VisionLabs Technical support

Along with the collected logs, provide the following data to Technical Support:

- Device model on which the issue was detected
- MUI
- OS version
- LUNA ID version
- Detailed playback steps
- Video recording of the issue

#### **Prerequisites**

To successfully receive logs from mobile devices, the following prerequisites must be met:

- Make sure that the necessary values for FaceEngine and TrackEngine logging are set in the configuration files. For details on the required values and configuration files, see the FaceEngine and TrackEngine logging section.
- Before collecting logs, uninstall the app for which you are going to collect logs, and then reinstall it. Start collecting logs after the first launch of the app.
- The log file should contain entries from the moment the app was started until the problem occurred.
- Put the mobile device in developer or debug mode.

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#### FaceEngine and TrackEngine logging

For detailed logging of FaceEngine and TrackEngine, the following values must be set in configuration files:

File	Value
Faceengine.conf	<pre><param name="verboseLogging" type="Value::Int1" x="«4»"/></pre>
runtime.conf	<pre><param name="verboseLogging" type="Value::Int1" x="«4»"/></pre>
trackengine.conf	<pre><param name="mode" text="I2b" type="Value::String"/> <param name="severity" type="Value::Int1" x="0"/></pre>

#### **Getting logs from Android devices**

There are several ways to get logs from Android devices. To do this, we recommend that you use the **Logcat** window in Android Studio.

To get logs from an Android device:

- 1. Put your mobile device in developer mode:
- Depending on the manufacturer of the Android device, the instruction may vary slightly.
- 1.1 In settings, select **About phone** or **About tablet**.
- 1.2 Find the **Build Number** or **Android Version** section and repeatedly tap it.
- 1.3 Confirm the transition of the device to developer mode.
- 1.4 Go to **Settings > System > For Developers**.
- 1.5 Set the **USB Debugging** switch to on.
- 1.6 Allow USB debugging.
- 2. In Android Studio, open the **Logcat** tab. To do this, select **View > Tool Windows > Logcat** from the Android Studio menu.
- 3. In the upper-left corner, select the device from which you want to receive logs.
- 4. In the next field, select the logs of the required app. If you want to get logs of all apps, do not change this field.
- 5. Select the logging level **VERBOSE**.

With the VERBOSE logging level, you can see records from all previous levels and get the most useful information.

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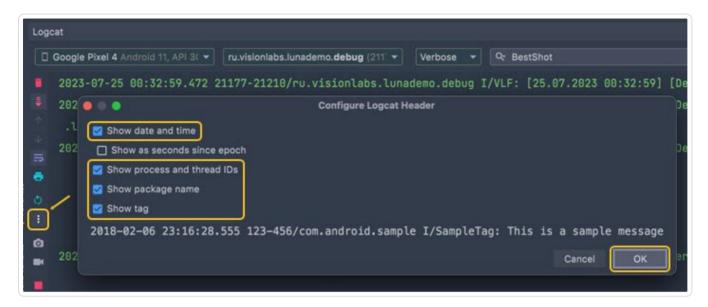
6. In the search box, enter the required information to filter the results. For example, you can include a package name, a part like fatal, and so on.



Android Studio Logcat

- 7. Configure the display of logs:
- 7.1 Go to **Logcat** tab settings.
- 7.2 Select **Logcat Header**, check the following boxes and click **OK**:
  - Show date and time (required)
  - Show process and thread IDs
  - Show package name
  - Show tag

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Configuting the display of logs

The resulting logs contain the following data:

- Date and time of entry.
- Logging level (for example, D is Debug).
- The name of the tool, utility, package from which the message is received, as well as a decoding of the ongoing action.

2023-07-25 12:28:22.838 10776-10816/ru.visionlabs.lunademo.debug I/[BestShotBinding]: setListener called. listener is null: 0, bestShotObserver is null: 0 2023-07-25 12:28:40.685 10776-10776/ru.visionlabs.lunademo.debug D/DDD: Identification state changed: ru.visionlabs.sdk.lunaauth.identification .LunaIdentificationState\$BestShotInfo@e477935

Android device logs

#### **Getting logs from iOS devices**

The main tool for getting logs from iOS devices is XCode. Xcode is a software development environment for macOS and iOS platforms.

To get logs from an iOS device:

- 1. Put your mobile device in developer mode:
- 1.1 Go to **Settings** > **Privacy and Security**.
- 1.2 Find the **Developer Mode** section and activate the option.
- 1.3 Restart your device.
- 2. Connect your iOS device to your Mac.
- 3. From the Xcode menu, select the menu item **Window > Devices and Simulators**.

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Devices and Simulators

- 4. Select the connected device.
- 5. Click the **View Device Logs** button. If you want to view the logs in real time, click the **Open Console** button.



View Device Logs

- 6. In the search box, enter the required information to filter the results.
- 7. Find the needed log file and copy it to a text file.

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Logs for iOS device

**Tip:** To pause the log stream, click the **Pause** button.

The resulting logs contain the following data:

- · Date and time of entry.
- The name of the part of the system or application from which the message came.
- Event description, service information.



iOS device logs

#### **Getting logs for OneShotLiveness estimation from Android devices**

If OneShotLiveness is enabled, you can find the corresponding data in logs.

Here is an example of logs for LUNA ID sending a request for OneShotLiveness estimation when getting the best shot:

- I --> POST https://luna-api-aws.visionlabs.ru/6/liveness?aggregate=1
- D Deallocating scratch [101632 bytes]
- I Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=d9fb08cd-a74a-4d22-b596-c9d1810c7470
- I Content-Length: 2510479
- I Luna-Account-Id: 12ed7399-xxxx-xxxx-bbc45e6017af
- I --> END POST (binary 2510479-byte body omitted)

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The response returns the following status codes:

• Status code 200

If the request has reached the server and the server was able to process it, it returns status code | 200 . For example:

```
I <-- 200 https://luna-api-aws.visionlabs.ru/6/liveness?aggregate=1 (5895ms)</p>
I server: nainx/1.19.2
I date: Tue, 08 Aug 2023 23:30:51 GMT
I content-type: application/json
I vary: Accept-Encoding
I luna-request-id: 1691548250,d70bca42-b40c-4c69-ae71-c3ce8207d3d3
I strict-transport-security: max-age=15724800; includeSubDomains
I access-control-allow-origin: *
I access-control-allow-credentials: true
I access-control-allow-methods: GET, PUT, POST, DELETE, PATCH, OPTIONS
I access-control-allow-headers: Authorization, Cache-Control, Content-Type, luna-account-id
| {"images":[{"filename":"0","status":1,"liveness":{"prediction":1,"estimations":{"probability":
0.9960508346557617,"quality":1.0}},"error":{"error code":
0,"desc":"Success","detail":"Success","link":"https:\/\/docs.visionlabs.ai\/info\/luna\/troubleshooting\/
errors-description\/code-0"}}],"aggregate estimations":{"liveness":{"prediction":1,"estimations":
{"probability":0.9960508346557617,"quality":1.0}}}
I <-- END HTTP (404-byte body)
```

Status code other than 200
 For details on status codes other than 200, please refer to the LUNA PLATFORM API documentation.

#### **Getting logs for OneShotLiveness estimation from iOS devices**

Currently, you cannot collect logs for OneShotLiveness estimation by using iOS features.

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## 8.5.2 Saving logs on an end user's device

With LUNA ID, you can optionally save log files on an end user's device. This feature is available in LUNA ID for Android v. 1.3.3 and later.

Note. This feature is available in LUNA ID for Android only.

To get log files and save them on your device:

1. Enable logging in LUNA ID: LunaID.showCamera(logToFile = true).

Every call of showCamera with logToFile set to true will create a log file with a session of getting the best shot on your mobile device.

2. Get the log files by calling Context#getFilesDir(). The files are stored in the logs folder inside your app's private folder. For details, see getFileDir.

We do not provide a solution for getting log files from your device. You need to realize it in your code by yourself. That is, you will need to add logic for getting these log files and sending them, for example, to your endpoint or to your mail.

We recommend that you do the following to get logs from your device:

- 1. In your app, realize hidden camera launching with collecting of logs. For example, you can do it by long-tapping the camera button or via the hidden developer menu in the release build.
- 2. When a user has a problem getting the best shot, you get the logs and forward them to our Support Team.

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## 8.6 Changing detection settings

## 8.6.1 In LUNA ID for Android

The *LunaCore.aar* file uses default detection settings. These settings are stored in the *.conf* files inside *LunaCore.aar* and you cannot change them directly. However, you can change them if you put the files of the same name in your app along the *assets/data* path.

For example, if you need to change the FaceEngine settings, then inside your app, where LunaCore.aar is connected as a dependency, you need to create the assets/data/faceengine.conf file, which will contain all the FaceEngine settings.

Your *faceengine.conf* must contain all the settings, not just the ones you want to change, because your file will completely overwrite all the settings contained in *LunaCore.aar*.

#### 8.6.2 In LUNA ID for iOS

To change detection settings, pass the required values for the parameters specified in the table below:

Function	Parameter	Description
LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → estimationThreshold	headPitch	Specifies the head rotation along the X axis.
LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → estimationThreshold	headYaw	Specifies the head rotation along the Y axis.
LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → estimationThreshold	headRoll	Specifies the head rotation along the Z axis.
LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → estimationThreshold	ags	Specifies the source image score for further descriptor extraction and matching.
LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration	borderDistance	Specifies the distance from the frame edges and is based on the face detection bounding box size estimation.
LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration	minDetSize	Specifies a bounding box size.

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## 8.7 Using descriptors

Descriptors are data sets in closed, binary format prepared by recognition system based on the characteristic being analyzed.

LUNA ID uses .plan files that stores a compact set of packed properties, as well as some helper parameters used to extract these properties from the source image. The .plan files are:

os	.plan files
LUNA ID for Android	cnn52m_cpu.plan cnn52m_arm.plan cnn59m_arm.plan cnn59m_cpu.plan
LUNA ID for iOS	cnn52m_arm.plan cnn59m_arm.plan

If you use, additional files will be added to your app to generate descriptors, so the size of the app will increase. To learn how to measure the size added to your app, see Measuring the size that LUNA ID adds to your app.

#### 8.7.1 In LUNA ID for Android

Descriptor functions are available in the following packages:

Package	.plan files
ai.visionlabs.lunaid:cnn59:1.6.0	cnn59m_arm.plan cnn59m_cpu.plan
ai.visionlabs.lunaid:cnn52:1.6.0	cnn52m_arm.plan cnn52m_cpu.plan

To get a descriptor, call a method of the LunaUtils class. For example:

```
public fun getDescriptorFromWrapped(
    warp: Bitmap,
    @DescriptorVersion descriptorVersion: Int = V59
): ByteArray {
}
public fun getDescriptor(
    image: Bitmap,
    @DescriptorVersion descriptorVersion: Int = V59
): ByteArray {
}
public fun matchDescriptors(
```

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```
first: ByteArray,
second: ByteArray,
@DescriptorVersion descriptorVersion: Int = V59
): Float {
}
```

All the methods take descriptorVersion as an argument. The argument has two possible values: V59 (default) and V52. The values specify the model version to be used. We recommend that you use V59.

#### 8.7.2 In LUNA ID for iOS

To calculate descriptors, LUNA ID for iOS uses the *cnn59m\_arm.plan* file by default. The .plan file and its version are defined in the *fsdk.framework/data/faceengine.conf* file:

```
<param name="model" type="Value::Int1" x="59" />
```

If you need to use the *cnn52m\_arm.plan* file, change the *fsdk.framework/data/faceengine.conf* file as follows:

```
<param name="model" type="Value::Int1" x="52" />
```

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## 9. Neural networks used in LUNA ID

In LUNA ID, neural networks provide efficient and accurate processing of faces in images and video streams. Neural networks are stored in *.plan* files.

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# The table below shows the *.plan* files used in LUNA ID for Android and iOS and functionality that the files cover.

.plan file	Feature name	Description	More information
angle_estimation_flwr_arm.plan	Head pose estimation	Determines person head rotation angles in 3D space, that is pitch, yaw, and roll.	Best shot quality estimation
ags_angle_estimation_flwr_arm.plan	Best shot quality estimation	Evaluates image quality to choose the best image before descriptor extraction. The BestShotQuality estimator consists of two components - AGS (Approximate Garbage Store) and Head Pose.	
ags_estimation_flwr_arm.plan	AGS estimation	Determines the source image score for further descriptor extraction and matching.	
cnn52m_arm.plan	Descriptor	Stores a compact set of packed properties as well as	Descriptor
cnn52m_cpu.plan (in LUNA ID for Android only)	an image	some helper parameters used to extract these properties from the source image.	
cnn59m_arm.plan			
cnn59m_cpu.plan (in LUNA ID for Android only)			
eye_status_estimation_flwr_arm.plan	Eye state	Determines the eye state: open, closed, occluded.	Eye estimation
eyes_estimation_flwr8_arm.plan	Eye state	Determines the following eye state and keypoints:	
	estimation	• Eye state: open, closed, occluded.	
		• Precise eye iris location as an array of landmarks.	
		• Precise eyelid location as an array of landmarks.	
FaceDet_v2_first_arm.plan	Face detection	Detects a face in an image and shows a rectangular area around the detected face.	Face detection
FaceDet_v2_second_arm.plan		The neural networks should be launched consequently.	
FaceDet_v2_third_arm.plan			
glasses_estimation_flwr_arm.plan	Image glasses estimation	Determines whether a person is currently wearing glasses.	Glasses estimation
model_subjective_quality_v1_arm.plan	Image quality	Determines an image quality by the following criteria:	Image quality
model_subjective_quality_v2_arm.plan	estimation	• The image is blurred.	estimation
		• The image is underexposed, that is, too dark.	
		• The image is overexposed, that is, too light.	
		<ul> <li>The face in the image is illuminated unevenly and there is a great difference between dark and light regions.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>The image contains flares on face, that is, too specular.</li> </ul>	

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Configuration options of the supported features are stored in the *faceengine.conf* file. The file locates in "data/faceengine.conf" in current working directory.

**Warning!** We do not recommend that you change any configuration settings from default ones as these settings affect performance and output results of your application.

For more information about the settings stored in the faceengine.conf file, see:

• For Android: Settings

• For iOS: Settings

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## 10. Best practices

## 10.1 Measuring the size that LUNA ID adds to your app

You can measure the size that LUNA ID adds to your app.

#### 10.1.1 In LUNA ID for Android

To measure the size that LUNA ID adds to your app, do the following:

- 1. Update build files to build separate .apk files for different platforms:
  - In the build.gradle.kts file:

```
android {
    ...
    splits {
        abi {
            isEnable = true
            reset()
            include("armeabi-v7a", "arm64-v8a", "x86", "x86_64")
            isUniversalApk = false
        }
    }
    ...
}
```

• In the build.dragle file:

```
android {
...

splits {
    abi {
        enable true
        reset()
        include "armeabi-v7a", "arm64-v8a", "x86", "x86_64"
        universalApk false
    }
}
...
}
```

2. In Android Studio, run the Analyze APK utility.

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- 3. Open the build platfrom-specific *.apk* file (for example, armeabi-v7a) and see the size of the following files:
  - assets/data folder
  - lib/{platform}/libTrackEngineSDK.so
  - lib/{platform}/libBestShotMobile.so
  - lib/{platform}/libflower.so
  - lib/{platform}/libMatchingKernel.s
  - lib/{platform}/libFaceEngineSDK.so
  - lib/{platform}/libwrapper.so
  - lib/{platform}/libc++\_shared.so

#### **Important notes**

- Any other files are not part of LUNA ID and are added by other dependencies of your app.
- In the Analyze APK utility, there should be only one platform in the *lib* folder (for example, armeabi-v7a, arm64-v8a or any another). If there is more than one platform in this folder, then you are looking at a universal *.apk* file that includes all platforms. Go back a step and rebuild the app with splits.abi enabled.

#### 10.1.2 In LUNA ID for iOS

#### **Total size**

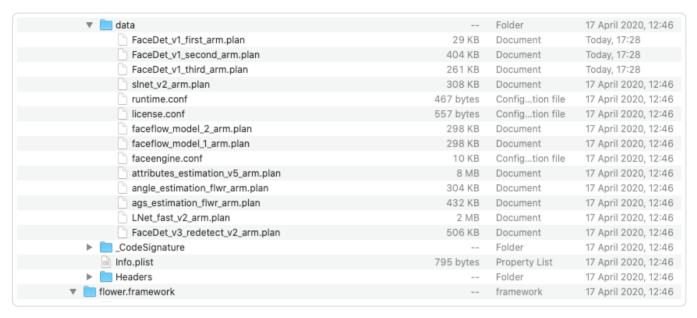
The number of *.plan* files included in the SDK library depends on your particular case. The app size depends on the selected *.plan* files.

After you select all the required *.plan* files for your app, sum their sizes to find the total size of the *.plan* files.

You can find the .plan files in fsdk.framework/data.

In the picture below, you can see the .plan files selected for this example.

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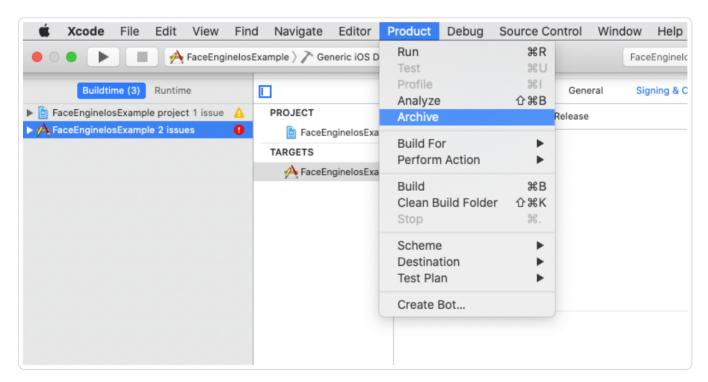


Android device logs

#### **Application size**

To find out the IOS application size, do the following:

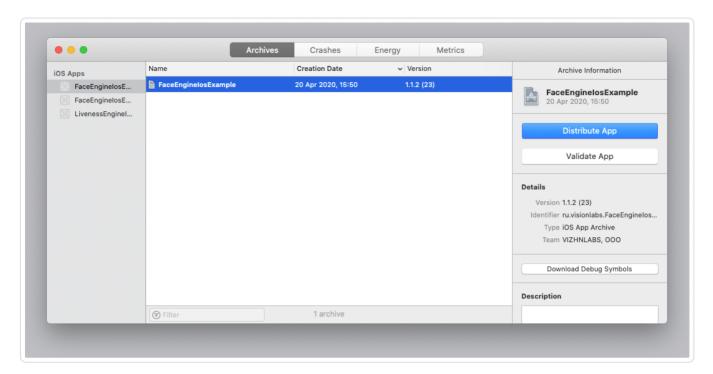
- 1. Open your project with added frameworks in Xcode.
- 2. Go to **Product > Archive**.



Archiving

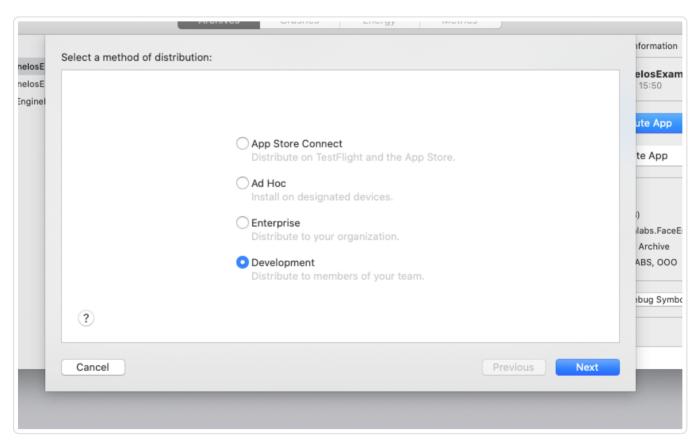
3. Click the **Distribute App** button after archiving finishes.

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Distribute App

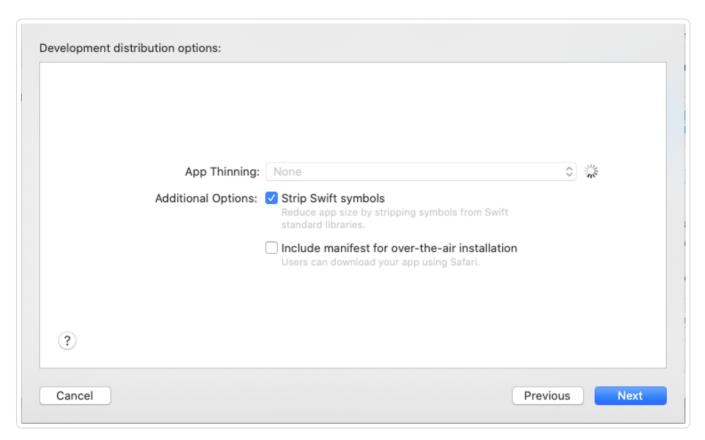
4. Select a distribution method. For example, **Development**.



Method of distribution

5. Select development distribution options.

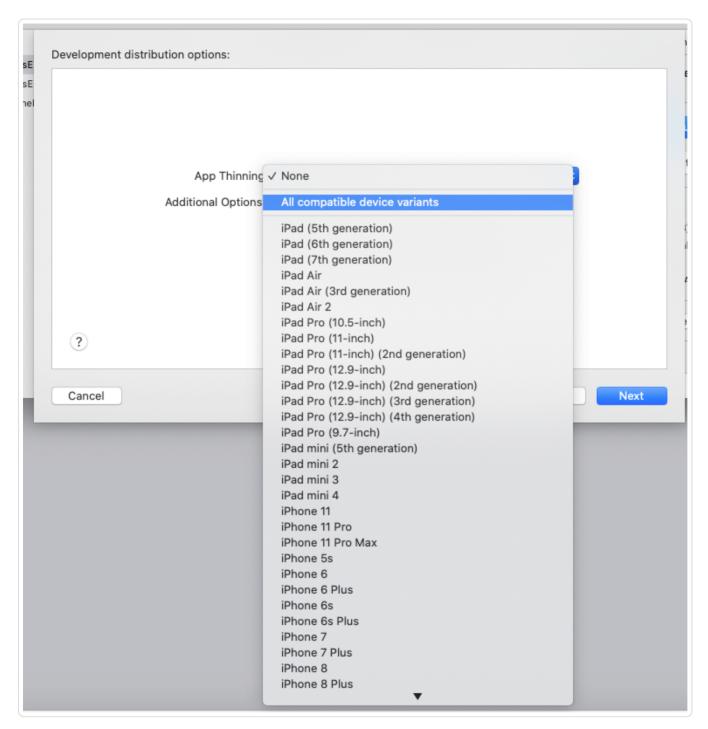
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Development distribution options

6. Select a device for distribution creation. For example, All compatible device variants.

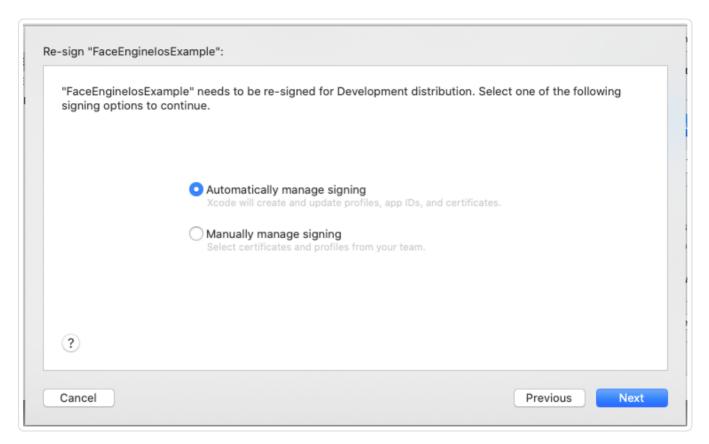
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Development distribution options

7. Re-sign your application. For example, by the developer signing.

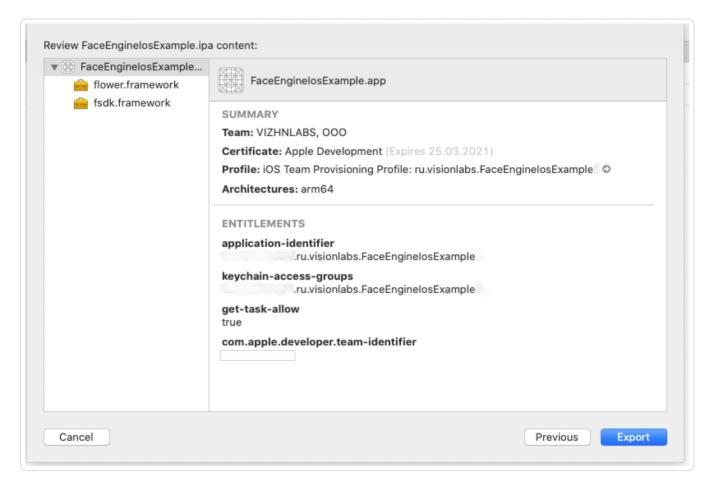
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Re-signing

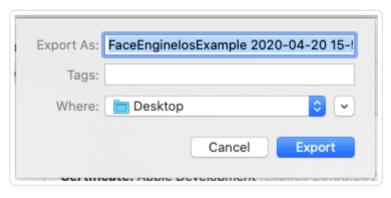
8. View the information about the archive.

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Re-signing

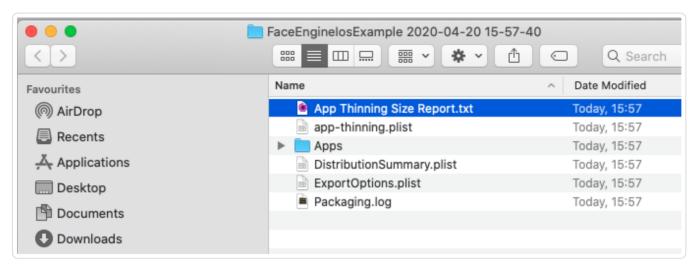
9. Export your app.



Export

10. Open the App Thinning Size Report.txt file.

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Export

11. Find necessary information about the application size.

The picture below shows the size of the application without additional swift frameworks from this example.

```
App + On Demand Resources size: 19,6 MB compressed, 25,3 MB uncompressed App size: 19,6 MB compressed, 25,3 MB uncompressed On Demand Resources size: Zero KB compressed, Zero KB uncompressed
```

Export

12. Verify the size of the packed application.

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## 10.2 Reducing your app size by excluding .plan files

LUNA ID uses neural networks for face processing in images and video streams. Neural networks are stored in the *.plan* files. You can reduce the size of your app by removing unnecessary *.plan* files.

#### 10.2.1 In LUNA ID for Android

To remove unnecessary *.plan* files, specify the *.plan* files to be excluded as shown in the examples below:

• In the build.gradle.kts file:

```
android {
  ...
  androidResources {
    ignoreAssetsPatterns.addAll(
       listOf(
         "!glasses_estimation_flwr_arm.plan",
         "!glasses_estimation_flwr_cpu.plan",
         "!oslm v4 model 1 arm.plan",
         "!oslm_v4_model_1_cpu.plan",
         "!oslm_v4_model_2_arm.plan",
         "!oslm_v4_model_2_cpu.plan",
         "!cnn59m arm.plan",
         "!cnn59m cpu.plan",
         "!cnndescriptor 59.conf",
    )
  }
  }
```

• In the build.dragle file:

```
android {
...

androidResources {
    ignoreAssetsPatterns.addAll(
        [
            "!glasses_estimation_flwr_arm.plan",
            "!glasses_estimation_flwr_cpu.plan",
            "!oslm_v4_model_1_arm.plan",
            "!oslm_v4_model_1_cpu.plan",
```

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```
"!oslm_v4_model_2_arm.plan",
    "!oslm_v4_model_2_cpu.plan",
    "!cnn59m_arm.plan",
    "!cnn59m_cpu.plan",
    "!cnndescriptor_59.conf",
]
)
}
```

If you use AGP v. 7.1 or earlier, replace androidResources with AaptOptions.

#### 10.2.2 In LUNA ID for iOS

To reduce your app size, remove unnecessary .plan files from the sdk' directory.framework/ ios\_arm64(or simulator)/fsdk.framework/data/ directory. The .plan files that you can remove are:

- glasses\_estimation\_flwr\_arm.plan
- oslm\_v4\_model\_1\_arm.plan
- oslm\_v4\_model\_2\_arm.plan
- cnn59m\_arm.plan

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## 11. Release notes

#### 11.1 LUNA ID v. 1.6.1

In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed an issue related to building of fat binary files in Xcode 15.

#### 11.2 LUNA ID v. 1.6.0

- Implemented support of VisionLabs LUNA SDK v. 5.16.0.
- Implemented support of CNN 52 descriptors.
- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented API changes. For details on changes API changes made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.6.0 in comparison to v.1.5.1.
- In LUNA ID for Android, reduced the distribution package size to 96 MB. Optional packages for CNN 52 and CNN 59 descriptors will add 25 MB and 44 MB to a client's app respectively.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, the detected face is now being tracked all the time the camera is on.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, you can now specify a number of Dynamic Liveness interactions to be performed, as well as timeouts for every interaction.

## 11.3 LUNA ID v. 1.5.1

Implemented the following changes in LUNA ID for Android:

- Fixed a regression bug related to OneShotLiveness estimation introduced in LUNA ID v. 1.5.0.
- Changed API for setting up OneShotLiveness estimation. For details on changes, see API changes made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.5.1 in comparison to v.1.5.0.

#### 11.4 LUNA ID v. 1.5.0

- Implemented new Dynamic Liveness interactions in addition to blinking. Now, a user can be asked to:
  - Rotate the head to the right.
  - Rotate the head to the left.
  - Pitch the head up.
  - Pitch the head down.

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• In LUNA ID for Android, implemented API changes. For details on changes, see API changes made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.5.0 in comparison to v.1.4.x.

#### 11.5 LUNA ID v. 1.4.5

In LUNA ID for Android, fixed a regression bug. An occasional crash happened due to an interaction flow bug even when interaction was disabled.

## 11.6 LUNA ID v. 1.4.4

In LUNA ID for Android, fixed an issue with a delay in the start of displaying the face detection bounding box.

#### 11.7 LUNA ID v. 1.4.3

Implemented the following bug fixes in LUNA ID for Android:

Fixed hanging-up during face detection on some Xiaomi devices.

Fixed occasional crashes on face detection start up.

#### 11.8 LUNA ID v. 1.4.2

In LUNA ID for Android, fixed occasional LUNA ID crashes.

In LUNA ID for iOS, removed the appearance of a progress indicator on the device screen after turning on the front camera.

#### 11.9 LUNA ID v. 1.4.1

In LUNA ID for Android, fixed LUNA ID crash on some Xiaomi devices. The problem was due to a bug in MIUI.

In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed an issue due to which the best shot could not be gotten and the face detection bounding box did not appear. The issue occurred on iOS 15 and earlier.

#### 11.10 LUNA ID v. 1.4.0

Implemented recording of a video stream only with a detected face. Now, you can record either full sessions or only those in which a face has been detected in at least one frame.

Expanded notification customization options.

In LUNA ID for Android, added interception of Dynamic Liveness interaction events.

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In LUNA ID for Android, you can now enable Dynamic Liveness estimation for each best shot detection session by using LunaID.showCamera() instead of LunaID.init().

In LUNA ID for Android, starting from this version, LunaID.showCamera() accepts ShowCameraParams with all available parameters.

#### 11.11 LUNA ID v.1.3.3

Implemented optional saving of logs on an end user's device in LUNA ID for Android.

#### 11.12 LUNA ID v.1.3.2

Now, you can initialize LUNA ID only once during your app lifecycle in LUNA ID for Android.

#### 11.13 LUNA ID v.1.3.1

In LUNA ID for iOS, implemented disabling of OneShotLiveness estimation.

In LUNA ID for Android, fixed an aspect ratio of a recorded video stream.

#### 11.14 LUNA ID v. 1.3.0

Video recording. The first iteration of the feature implies storing videos on a client's side.

Account ID. The feature provides an opportunity to add tokens for end user sessions when sending requests to LUNA PLATFORM 5.

Support of ARM simulators (only in LUNA ID for iOS).

Support of Android SDK 21. Prior to this, the minimum supported version was 23.

#### 11.15 LUNA ID v. 1.2.0-1.2.4

#### **Both platforms**

- License update fix. From now on a license will be updated automatically after replacing ProductID and EID in license.conf and releasing an updated application.
- Support of optional interaction (a request to blink) for liveness in accordance with the requirements by the National Bank of the Republic of Kazakhstan.
- Support of optional descriptor generation on devices.

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#### **LUNA ID for Android**

- Fix for an optional liveness check when getting the best shot.
- Refactoring of camera in order to make it independent of the calling code lifecycle.
- Fix of a crash when building apk from console.

#### **LUNA ID for iOS**

- Improved SDK size: the size of models for neural networks has been reduced almost twice. Now it requires 85 MB.
- Fix for the display of multiple faces notification in UI.
- Fix of a crash when using the caching mechanism.

#### 11.16 LUNA ID v. 1.1.0

- Update of C++ SDK up to 5.9.1.
- Eyes status check.
- Customizable detection screen (a client can select color and thickness of a detection frame, background, fonts, add custom notification texts for users, etc.)
- Document recognition functionality by OCR provider Regula.
- Improved size of LUNA ID for Android now it requires around 30 MB for the main ARM platforms.

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## 12. Documentation download page

Version	Documentation (pdf)
v.1.6.1	LUNA_ID_v.1.6.1.pdf

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