

VisionLabs LUNA ID

v.1.9.5

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1. Introduction

This page includes documentation for LUNA ID.

We recommend that you read the glossary and system requirements before reading the documentation.

About LUNA ID

LUNA ID is a set of development tools that includes libraries and neural networks for face recognition and analysis in a mobile app.

For detailed information about LUNA ID, its key features, and usage scenarios, see Overview.

API documentation

The table below provides links to the API reference manuals.

os	Module	Link
Android	-	API reference manual
iOS	LunaCamera	LunaCamera Reference
iOS	LunaCore	LunaCore Reference
iOS	LunaWeb	LunaWeb Reference

Initial setup

To learn how to start using LUNA ID in your app, see:

- Initial setup of LUNA ID for Android
- Initial setup of LUNA ID for iOS

Examples

We provide examples of how to embed LUNA ID in your app:

- LUNA ID for Android examples
- LUNA ID for iOS examples

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2. General information

2.1 Overview

LUNA ID is a set of development tools that includes libraries and neural networks for face recognition and analysis in a mobile app. It also supports OCR (Optical Character Recognition) for document scanning and recognition.

Document scanning and recognition by means of OCR is provided by Regula. Regula is a third-party vendor and using the feature requires a license. For details, please refer to the Regula documentation.

Embedding LUNA ID in your mobile app allows you to use LUNA ID key features, as well as take advantage of LUNA PLATFORM 5 functionality to perform OneShotLiveness estimation and descriptor matching. For details, see Interaction of LUNA ID with LUNA PLATFORM 5.

2.1.1 Supported operating systems and programming languages

LUNA ID is compatible with the Android and iOS operating systems. For details, see System and hardware requirements.

The supported programming languages are:

- Kotlin for Android app development
- Swift for iOS app development

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2.1.2 Use cases

Embedding LUNA ID in your mobile app allows you to implement the following use cases:

Client enrollment

Flow: Registration

The process of creating a new user account, which includes face recognition and, optionally, document recognition.

User authentication

Flow: Verification (1:1)

The process of verifying a user when logging into an app account against the authorized biometry for the specified login. Available after registration.

The use case does not involve the use of OCR.

User recognition

Flow: Identification (1:N)

The process of user identification when a user's face is compared with all the faces in the database to recognize the user among the existing ones and to match the detected face with an existing user account.

You can use OCR in this use case.

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2.1.3 Key features

LUNA ID provides the following features:

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- Getting the best shot:
 - Estimating the best shot by the following criteria:
 - · Number of faces in the frame
 - Face detection bounding box size
 - · Frame edges offset
 - Eyes state (open, closed, or occluded)
 - Head pose (pitch, yaw, and roll)
 - Average garbage score (AGS)
 - Image quality (lightness, darkness, and blurriness)
 - Face occlusion
 For details, see Best shot estimations.
 - Performing OneShotLiveness estimations. The estimations enable you to confirm
 whether a person in the image is "real" or a fraudster using a fake ID (printed face
 photo, video, paper, or 3D mask). The following types of OneShotLiveness
 estimations are available:
 - Offline OneShotLiveness estimation
 Allows you to perform the estimation directly on your device. For details, see
 Performing Offline OneShotLiveness estimation.
 - Online OneShotLiveness estimation
 Sends images with the detected face to LUNA PLATFORM 5 to perform the estimation on the backend. For details, see Performing OneShotLiveness estimation.
 - Dynamic Liveness estimation to determine whether a person is alive by interacting with a camera. The estimation is performed on your device without processing it on the backend. For details, see About Dynamic Liveness
- Video stream recording and face detection in the video stream. For details, see Information about a recorded video stream. You can record either full video sessions or only video sessions in which a face was detected in at least one frame.
- Optional document scanning and recognition by means of OCR.

The feature is provided by Regula. For details, please refer to the Regula documentation.

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- Sending source images to LUNA PLATFORM 5 for descriptor matching on the backend. It allows you to perform the following tasks:
 - Verify that the face in an image belongs to a person from a client list (1:N identification).
 - Match the detected face with the face that corresponds to the client ID in a global database (1:1 verification).

2.1.4 Usage scenarios

This section describes sample LUNA ID usage scenarios.

These are only examples. You need to change them according to your business logic.

Scenario 1: Getting images

SCENARIO DESCRIPTION

You want to get a photo with a person's face, and then implement your own business logic for processing the image.

SCENARIO REALIZATION STAGES

Applying this scenario in your mobile app proceeds in stages:

- Getting the best shot with the detected face for best shot estimation.
- Getting a warp or source image with the face on a mobile device to transfer it to an external system.

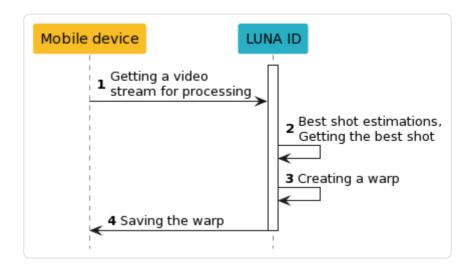
SCENARIO REALIZATION STEPS

The scenario has the following steps:

- 1. Video stream processing and face detection.
- 2. Getting the best shot based on standard best shot estimations. In some cases, the best shot is an image that also successfully passed OneShotLiveness estimation.
- 3. Getting a warp.
- 4. Saving the warp on the device. You can then send it to a middleware for further processing.

The diagram below shows the steps of this scenario:

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Scenario 2: Complete face recognition cycle

SCENARIO DESCRIPTION

You want to run a full face recognition cycle using frontend and backend. This scenarios involves interaction of LUNA ID with LUNA PLATFORM 5.

SCENARIO REALIZATION STAGES

Applying a full face recognition cycle in your mobile app proceeds in stages:

- Getting the best shot with the detected face for best shot and OneShotLiveness estimation.
- Identifying that the face in the image belongs to a person from a client list (1:N identification).
- Matching the detected face with the face corresponding to the client ID in a global database (1:1 verification).

SCENARIO REALIZATION STEPS

For details on the scenario implementation and scenario realization steps, see Usage scenario.

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2.2 Getting LUNA ID

2.2.1 Download LUNA ID

To start using LUNA ID, download it from our release portal:

- LUNA ID for Android
- LUNA ID for iOS

Contact your manager to get your login and password to download LUNA ID.

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2.2.2 Distribution kit

LUNA ID for Android

LUNA ID for Android is distributed in an AAR file that contains the following archives:

lunaid-core-X.X.X.aar

Required.

Contains the minimum set of files required to embed LUNA ID in your app.

• lunaid-common-x86-X.X.X.aar, lunaid-common-arm-X.X.X.aar Required.

Contains the minimum set of libraries and neural networks required to embed LUNA ID in your app. You can specify the dependency for either or both, x86 and ARM architectures. For details, see an examples below.

• lunaid-oslm-X.X.X.aar

Optional.

Contains neural networks used for Offline OneShotLiveness estimation. For details, see Performing Offline OneShotLiveness estimation.

• lunaid-mask-X.X.X.aar

Optional.

Contains a neural network used to define face occlusion. For details, see Getting the best shot with an occluded face.

• lunaid-cnn59-1X.X.X.aar, lunaid-cnn52-X.X.X.aar

Optional.

Contain neural networks used for descriptor generation from an image. For details, see Using descriptors.

· lunaid-glasses-X.X.X.aar

Optional.

Contains neural networks used to define eye occlusion. For details, see Getting the best shot with faces with occluded eyes.

EXAMPLES

The example below shows hot to specify the *core* and *common* required dependencies:

implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:core:X.X.X@aar") implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:common-arm:X.X.X@aar") implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:common-x86:X.X.X@aar")

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The example below shows how to specify the dependencies for either or both, x86 and ARM architectures:

implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:core:X.X.X@aar")

implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:common-arm:X.X.X@aar") implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:cnn52-arm:X.X.X@aar") implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:cnn59-arm:X.X.X@aar") implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:mask-arm:X.X.X@aar") implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:oslm-arm:X.X.X@aar") implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:glasses-arm:X.X.X@aar")

implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:common-x86:X.X.X@aar") implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:cnn52-x86:X.X.X@aar") implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:cnn59-x86:X.X.X@aar") implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:mask-x86:X.X.X@aar") implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:oslm-x86:X.X.X@aar") implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:glasses-x86:X.X.X@aar")

For a detailed example, see CameraExample.

LUNA ID for iOS

luna-id-sdk_ios_v.X.X.x.zip

Required.

Contains binary files and neural networks required to embed LUNA ID in your app.

LUNA ID size

The minimum size of LUNA ID that includes the face detection and OneShotLiveness estimation functionalities is:

- LUNA ID for Android 95 MB
- LUNA ID for iOS 115 MB

To learn the size that LUNA ID adds to your app, see Measuring the size that LUNA ID adds to your app.

2.2.3 Next steps

Perform initial setup of LUNA ID to embed it in your app. For details, see:

- Initial setup of LUNA ID for Android
- Initial setup of LUNA ID for iOS

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2.2.4 See also

• System and hardware requirements

Describes the hardware and software requirements your computer must meet so that you can use LUNA ID.

Licensing

Describes how to activate your LUNA ID license.

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2.3 What's new in LUNA ID v.1.9.5

Below are the changes made to LUNA ID v.1.9.5 relative to the previous version of the product. For information on the changes made to other versions, see Version History

2.3.1 New features

In LUNA ID for Android, implemented an opportunity to set a status bar color so it matches an overlay color.

2.3.2 Improvements

- In LUNA ID for Android, optimized overall and image processing performance.
- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented new error descriptions that are returned when quality of an image is low. Now, they are more detailed.
- In LUNA ID for Android, changed the AGS threshold value for best shot estimation. Now, it defaults to 0.5.

2.3.3 Bug fixes

- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed a bug that caused the check for the presence of multiple faces in a frame to work incorrectly.
- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed a bug that prevented LUNA ID background processes from stopping and led to rapid battery drain. This problem was most common on Google Pixel devices.
- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed a bug related to performing Dynamic Liveness interactions in either sun or eyeglasses.
- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed bugs related to the PrimaryFaceLost and TooManyFaces errors.

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2.4 Version history

2.4.1 LUNA ID v. 1.9.4

In LUNA ID for Android, implemented new ways of initializing border distances to specify a face recognition area. Now, you can do this with the Default and WithCustomView classes. For details, see Face recognition area.

2.4.2 LUNA ID v. 1.9.3

- In LUNA ID for Android, optimized Dynamic Liveness interactions so they work faster.
- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed bugs that caused occasional LUNA ID crashes on Samsung S21 FE 5G and vivo V23E.

2.4.3 LUNA ID v. 1.9.2

In LUNA ID for Android, fixed a bug related to best shot mirroring in POS terminals.

2.4.4 LUNA ID v. 1.9.1

- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed bugs related to frames with multiple faces.
- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed a bug related to the glasses estimation.
- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed a bug related to checking a face presence in a frame.

2.4.5 LUNA ID v. 1.9.0

- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented estimations that allow you to detect the use of a virtual camera instead of the device's native camera.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed a bug related to Offline OneShotLiveness.

2.4.6 LUNA ID v. 1.8.7

In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed a video compression issue relevant to iOS 16 or higher.

2.4.7 LUNA ID v. 1.8.6

In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed an issue related to a memory leak that causes occasional crashes of LUNA ID and device slowdowns

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2.4.8 LUNA ID v. 1.8.5

- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented automatic switching to the device main camera, if the front camera was not detected.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed an issue related to a memory leak that causes occasional crashes of LUNA ID and device slowdowns.

2.4.9 LUNA ID v. 1.8.4

- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented the <code>glassesChecks</code> optional parameter. Now, you can define the type of glasses in the image and whether the image can be the best shot.
- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented the borderDistance optional parameter that allows you to specify a face recognition area for any device screens, including foldable screens as in Samsung Galaxy Z Fold.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed a bug related to the face identity feature.

2.4.10 LUNA ID v. 1.8.3

- In LUNA ID for Android, extended a glasses estimation. Now, images with eyeglasses can be considered to be best shots. For details, see Eye occlusion.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed a bug related to the LCLunaConfiguration.trackFaceIdentity property.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed a bug related to Dynamic Liveness interaction timeouts.

2.4.11 LUNA ID v. 1.8.2

- In LUNA ID for Android, separated the x86 and ARM files at the dependency package level. Now, to work with LUNA ID, you need to specify the mandatory core and common dependencies, where common indicates the required architecture. For details, see Getting LUNA ID.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, reduced resolution of a recorded stream video file. Now, it is 180×320 pixels.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed a bug related to timeout between Dynamic Liveness interactions.

2.4.12 LUNA ID v. 1.8.1

• In LUNA ID for iOS, implemented an optional glasses estimation. It allows you to exclude images with sunglasses from best shot candidates. For details, see Getting the best shot with faces with occluded eyes.

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• In LUNA ID for Android, fixed a bug related to the acceptGlasses and acceptEyesclosed parameters.

2.4.13 LUNA ID v. 1.8.0

Enhanced security and implemented protection against changing faces during user identification. For details, see Tracking face identity.

2.4.14 LUNA ID v. 1.7.9

- In LUNA ID for iOS, implemented a possibility to add delays between Dynamic Liveness interactions. Now, if you specify a 2-second's delay, 2 seconds will pass after the first interaction ends and the next one starts.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, implemented statuses that show the current Dynamic Liveness interaction states start, in progress, and end.

2.4.15 LUNA ID v. 1.7.8

In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed an aspect ratio for low resolution video files.

2.4.16 LUNA ID v. 1.7.7

In LUNA ID for iOS, reduced a video file size for iOS 15 and lower.

2.4.17 LUNA ID v. 1.7.6

- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented an opportunity to add delays between Dynamic Liveness interactions. Now, if you specify a 2000-millisecond's delay, 2 seconds will pass after the first interaction ends and the next one starts. For details, see Set a timeout between interactions.
- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented statuses that show the current Dynamic Liveness interaction states start and end. For details, see View interaction statuses.
- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented the acceptEyesClosed optional parameter that allows you to get the best shot if an image has closed eyes. For details, see Getting the best shot with faces with closed eyes.

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- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented a glasses estimation.
- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed a bug related to a face detection bounding box size. Now, the detected face must properly fit the box size.
- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed bugs related to head pose and blinking Dynamic Liveness interactions.
- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed a bug related to Offline OneShotLiveness.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed a bug related to the multiple call of the bestShot function.

2.4.18 LUNA ID v. 1.7.5

- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented the LunaConfig.livenessFormat and LunaConfig.compressionQuality parameters that you can use to reduce the size of the image to be sent for Online OneShotLiveness estimation.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed a bug related to the LCLunaConfiguration::faceTime property.

2.4.19 LUNA ID v. 1.7.4

- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed a bug due to which no notifications were sent when a face was out of the face detection bounding box.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed a bug related to the LCLunaConfiguration::faceTime property.

2.4.20 LUNA ID v. 1.7.3

- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented the LunalD.foundFaceDelayMs parameter that allows you to define for how long a user's face should be placed in the face detection bounding box before the best shot is taken.
- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed a bug that caused occasional LUNA ID crashes.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed a bug related to the LCLunaConfiguration::faceTime property.

2.4.21 LUNA ID v. 1.7.2

- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented API changes that introduce the StartBestShotSearchCommand and CloseCameraCommand commands for camera management. For details on changes, see Using commands.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, changed the license activation process. Now, you need to activate the license explicitly in your final app. For details, see Licensing.

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• In LUNA ID for iOS, implemented the LCLunaConfiguration::faceTime property that allows you to define for how long a user's face should be placed in the face detection bounding box before the best shot is taken.

2.4.22 LUNA ID v. 1.7.1

- In LUNA ID for Android, changed the license activation process. Now, you need to activate the license explicitly by calling the activateLicense() method. This allows you to make sure that the activation has passed successfully before you start a camera.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, you can now define your own sequence of Dynamic Liveness interactions, as well as a number of interactions, interaction timeouts, and head rotation angles.
- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed an issue related to the face detection bounding box. Now, the bounding box size is taken into account when performing Dynamic Liveness user interactions.
- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed an issue related to the use of the mask_clf_\<version>_\<device>.plan files. Now, you do not need to specify the dependencies if you are not going to estimate face occlusion.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed a bug related to detection of occluded faces.

2.4.23 LUNA ID v. 1.7.0

- Implemented a new type of OneShotLiveness estimation Offline OneShotLiveness estimation. Now, you can perform the estimation directly on a mobile device without sending the request to LUNA PLATFORM.
- Implemented optional delay before the best shot search begins after camera start up.
- Implemented optional face occlusion estimation for further best shot selection.
- Implemented a parameter that allows you to perform blinking with one eye, rather than two. for further best shot selection.
- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented a parameter that allows to use images of a person with one eye for further best shot selection.
- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented a possibility to specify a face recognition area for further best shot selection. This allows you to use your own UI and customize face detection bounding box size.
- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed an issue when no notifications were sent on start of a OneShotLiveness estimation.
- In LUNA ID for Android, fixed an issue with the Online OneShotLiveness estimation when the request to the //iveness endpoint was sent multiple times instead of one.

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2.4.24 LUNA ID v. 1.6.1

In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed an issue related to building of fat binary files in Xcode 15.

2.4.25 LUNA ID v. 1.6.0

- Implemented support of VisionLabs LUNA SDK v. 5.16.0.
- Implemented support of CNN 52 descriptors.
- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented API changes. For details on changes API changes made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.6.0 in comparison to v.1.5.1.
- In LUNA ID for Android, reduced the distribution package size to 96 MB. Optional packages for CNN 52 and CNN 59 descriptors will add 25 MB and 44 MB to a client's app respectively.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, the detected face is now being tracked all the time the camera is on.
- In LUNA ID for iOS, you can now specify a number of Dynamic Liveness interactions to be performed, as well as timeouts for every interaction.

2.4.26 LUNA ID v. 1.5.1

Implemented the following changes in LUNA ID for Android:

- Fixed a regression bug related to OneShotLiveness estimation introduced in LUNA ID v. 1.5.0.
- Changed API for setting up OneShotLiveness estimation. For details on changes, see API changes made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.5.1 in comparison to v.1.5.0.

2.4.27 LUNA ID v. 1.5.0

- Implemented new Dynamic Liveness interactions in addition to blinking. Now, a user can be asked to:
 - Rotate the head to the right.
 - Rotate the head to the left.
 - Pitch the head up.
 - Pitch the head down.
- In LUNA ID for Android, implemented API changes. For details on changes, see API changes made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.5.0 in comparison to v.1.4.x.

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2.4.28 LUNA ID v. 1.4.5

In LUNA ID for Android, fixed a regression bug. An occasional crash happened due to an interaction flow bug even when interaction was disabled.

2.4.29 LUNA ID v. 1.4.4

In LUNA ID for Android, fixed an issue with a delay in the start of displaying the face detection bounding box.

2.4.30 LUNA ID v. 1.4.3

Implemented the following bug fixes in LUNA ID for Android:

Fixed hanging-up during face detection on some Xiaomi devices.

Fixed occasional crashes on face detection start up.

2.4.31 LUNA ID v. 1.4.2

In LUNA ID for Android, fixed occasional LUNA ID crashes.

In LUNA ID for iOS, removed the appearance of a progress indicator on the device screen after turning on the front camera.

2.4.32 LUNA ID v. 1.4.1

In LUNA ID for Android, fixed LUNA ID crash on some Xiaomi devices. The problem was due to a bug in MIUI.

In LUNA ID for iOS, fixed an issue due to which the best shot could not be gotten and the face detection bounding box did not appear. The issue occurred on iOS 15 and earlier.

2.4.33 LUNA ID v. 1.4.0

Implemented recording of a video stream only with a detected face. Now, you can record either full sessions or only those in which a face has been detected in at least one frame.

Expanded notification customization options.

In LUNA ID for Android, added interception of Dynamic Liveness interaction events.

In LUNA ID for Android, you can now enable Dynamic Liveness estimation for each best shot detection session by using LunaID.showCamera() instead of LunaID.init().

In LUNA ID for Android, starting from this version, LunaID.showCamera() accepts ShowCameraParams with all available parameters.

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2.4.34 LUNA ID v.1.3.3

Implemented optional saving of logs on an end user's device in LUNA ID for Android.

2.4.35 LUNA ID v.1.3.2

Now, you can initialize LUNA ID only once during your app lifecycle in LUNA ID for Android.

2.4.36 LUNA ID v.1.3.1

In LUNA ID for iOS, implemented disabling of OneShotLiveness estimation.

In LUNA ID for Android, fixed an aspect ratio of a recorded video stream.

2.4.37 LUNA ID v. 1.3.0

Video recording. The first iteration of the feature implies storing videos on a client's side.

Account ID. The feature provides an opportunity to add tokens for end user sessions when sending requests to LUNA PLATFORM 5.

Support of ARM simulators (only in LUNA ID for iOS).

Support of Android SDK 21. Prior to this, the minimum supported version was 23.

2.4.38 LUNA ID v. 1.2.0-1.2.4

Both platforms

- License update fix. From now on a license will be updated automatically after replacing ProductID and EID in license.conf and releasing an updated application.
- Support of optional interaction (a request to blink) for liveness in accordance with the requirements by the National Bank of the Republic of Kazakhstan.
- Support of optional descriptor generation on devices.

LUNA ID for Android

- Fix for an optional liveness check when getting the best shot.
- Refactoring of camera in order to make it independent of the calling code lifecycle.
- Fix of a crash when building apk from console.

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LUNA ID for iOS

- Improved SDK size: the size of models for neural networks has been reduced almost twice. Now it requires 85 MB.
- Fix for the display of multiple faces notification in UI.
- Fix of a crash when using the caching mechanism.

2.4.39 LUNA ID v. 1.1.0

- Update of C++ SDK up to 5.9.1.
- Eyes status check.
- Customizable detection screen (a client can select color and thickness of a detection frame, background, fonts, add custom notification texts for users, etc.)
- Document recognition functionality by OCR provider Regula.
- Improved size of LUNA ID for Android now it requires around 30 MB for the main ARM platforms.

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2.5 System and hardware requirements

To use LUNA ID, the following system and hardware requirements must be met:

Requirement	Android	iOS
OS version	5.0 or later	13 or later
CPU architecture	arm64-v8a, armeabi-v7a, x86_64, x86	arm64
Developments tools	Android SDK 21	XCode 13.2 or later
Free RAM	400 MB or more	400 MB or more

2.5.1 Information about third-party software

LUNA SDK

LUNA ID is based on LUNA SDK:

- LUNA ID for Android uses LUNA SDK v.5.16.0.
- LUNA ID for iOS uses LUNA SDK v.5.16.0.

Regula

Regula is third-party vendor that provides the document and scanning feature by means of OCR (Object Character Recognition). Using the feature requires a license. For details, please refer to the Regula documentation.

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2.6 Neural networks used in LUNA ID

In LUNA ID, neural networks provide efficient and accurate processing of faces in images and video streams. The neural networks are stored in .plan files.

The table below shows all .plan files used in LUNA ID and functionality that the files cover. Some of them are required for using LUNA ID in your app.

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Note, that using the .plan files will add extra size to your app. To learn how to exclude extra .plan files, see Reducing your app size by excluding .plan files.

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.plan file	Size	Required	Feature name	Description
ags_angle_estimation_flwr_arm.plan ags_angle_estimation_flwr_cpu.plan (in LUNA ID for Android only)	1.6 MB 1.6 MB	Yes Yes	Best shot quality estimation	Evaluates imachoose the befurther proces The BestShot estimator correcomponents - (Approximate and Head Postimation - iOS: Best shot estimation
ags_v3_arm.plan (in LUNA ID for Android only) ags_v3_cpu.plan (in LUNA ID for Android only)	635 KB 608 KB	Yes Yes	AGS estimation	Evaluates the score for furtl processing.
cnn52m_arm.plan cnn52m_cpu.plan (in LUNA ID for Android only) cnn59m_arm.plan cnn59m_cpu.plan (in LUNA ID for Android only)	13 MB 13 MB 24 MB 24 MB	No No No	Descriptor generation from an image	Stores a compacked propersome helper used to extra properties from image. For details, see Android: Descriptor
eye_status_estimation_flwr_arm.plan eye_status_estimation_flwr_cpu.plan (in LUNA ID for Android only)	810 KB 810 KB	Yes Yes	Eye state	Determines the open, closed, For details, see • Android: Eyes • iOS: Eyes esti

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.plan file	Size	Required	Feature name	Description
eyes_estimation_flwr8_arm.plan eyes_estimation_flwr8_cpu.plan (in LUNA ID for Android only)	963 KB 963 KB	Yes Yes	Eye state estimation	Determines the state and key Eye state: oper occluded. Precise eye in array of landre Precise eyelide array of landre
				For details, se • Android: Eyes • iOS: Eyes esti
FaceDet_v2_first_arm.plan FaceDet_v2_first_cpu.plan (in LUNA ID for Android only) FaceDet_v2_second_arm.plan	963 KB9.4 KB 9.4	Yes Yes Yes	Face detection	Detects a face and shows a caround the de
FaceDet_v2_second_cpu.plan (in LUNA ID for Android only)	KB	Yes		The neural ne
FaceDet_v2_third_arm.plan FaceDet_v2_third_cpu.plan (in LUNA ID for Android only)	107 KB 107 KB	Yes Yes Yes		For details, se • Android: Dete • iOS: Detection
	1.6 MB 1.6 MB 1.6 MB			
glasses_estimation_flwr_arm.plan glasses_estimation_flwr_cpu.plan (in LUNA ID for Android only)	1 MB 1 MB	No No	Glasses estimation	Detects glass in the source then define w with occluded considered be
				For details, se • Android: Glas

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• iOS: Glasses 6
• Getting the befaces with occ

Determines a
rotation angle
that is pitch, y
Detects a med
the face in the
You can then
images with o
can be consid
For details, se
Android: Medi
estimation fur
• iOS: Medical r
functionality
Getting the be
occluded face
Determines a
by the following
• The image is l
• The image is t
that is, too da
• The image is
that is, too lig
 The face in th
illuminated ur
there is a gre
=
=
between dark regions.
between dark regions. • The image co
between dark regions. • The image co face, that is,
between dark regions. • The image co face, that is, t
between dark regions. The image co face, that is, to for details, see Android: Image
there is a great between dark regions. The image conface, that is, the second face, that is, the second face of the second fac

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.plan file	Size	Required	Feature name	Description
oslm_v4_model_1_arm.plan	26	No	Offline	Determines w
oslm_v4_model_1_cpu.plan	MB	No	OneShotLiveness	person's face
(in LUNA ID for Android only)	26		estimation	for example, a
oslm_v4_model_2_arm.plan	MB	No		printed image
oslm_v4_model_2_cpu.plan		No		
(in LUNA ID for Android only)	10			For details, se
	MB			Android:
	10			LivenessOneS
	MB			Estimation
				• iOS: Liveness
				Estimation

Configuration options of the supported features are stored in the faceengine.conf file. The file is located in data/faceengine.conf in the current working directory.

Warning: We do not recommend that you change any configuration settings from default ones as these settings affect performance and output results of your application.

For more information about the settings stored in the faceengine.conf file, see:

• For Android: Settings

• For iOS: Settings

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2.7 Glossary

Term	Description
Approximate Garbage Score (AGS)	A BestShotQuality estimator component that determined the source image score for further descriptor extraction and matching. Estimation output is a float score which is normalized in range [01]. The closer score to 1, the better matching result is received for the image.
Best shot	The frame of the video stream on which the face is fixed in the optimal angle for further processing.
Descriptor	Data set in closed, binary format prepared by recognition system based on the characteristic being analyzed.
Estimator	Neural network used to estimate a certain parameter of the face in the source image.
Eye estimation	Estimator that determines an eye status (open, closed, occluded) and precise eye iris and eyelid location as an array of landmarks.
Face	Changeable objects that include information about a human face.
Handler	Set of rules or policies that describe how to process the received images.
Landmarks	Reference points on the face used by recognition algorithms to localize the face.
Liveness	Software method that enables you to confirm whether a person in one or more images is "real" or a fraudster using a fake ID (printed face photo, video, paper, or 3D mask).
LUNA PLATFORM	Automated face and body recognition system that allows you to perform face detection, Liveness check biometric template extraction, descriptor extraction, quality and attribute estimation, such as gender, age, and so on, on images using neural networks.
Matching	The process of descriptors comparison. Matching is usually implemented as a distance function applied to the feature sets and distances comparison later on. The smaller the distance, the closer are descriptors, hence, the more similar are the objects.
Occlusion	State of an object (eye, mouth) when it is hidden by any other object.
Samples, Warps	Normalized (centered and cropped) image obtained after face detection, prior to descriptor extraction.
Verification	Comparison of two photo images of a face in order to determine belonging to the same face.
Verifier	Specifies a list of rules for processing and verifying incoming images. Unlike handlers, it not only processes, but also verifies the images.

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2.8 Technical Support and resources

If you have questions, problems or just need help with LUNA ID, you can either contact our Technical Support or try to search for the needed information using other help resources.

2.8.1 Contact Technical Support

You can contact our Technical Support via email:

support@visionlabs.ru

2.8.2 More resources

• Download the LUNA ID documentation: LUNA_ID_v.1.9.5.pdf

- Check out LUNA ID examples to learn how to embed LUNA ID in your app:
 - LUNA ID for Android examples
 - LUNA ID for iOS examples

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3. Licensing

To integrate LUNA ID with your project and use its features, you need to activate the license.

3.1 License activation

3.1.1 In LUNA ID for Android

To activate the license:

- 1. Request **Server**, **EID**, and **ProductID** from VisionLabs. For details, see License parameters.
- 2. Specify the received parameters in the license.conf file and save the changes.
- 3. Place the file in the assets/data/license.conf directory of your project.

The license key will be generated and saved to the specified directory. The license file has a binary format. At the next launch of the mobile app on the same device, the license will be read from this file.

4. Activate the license by calling the activateLicense() method:

```
if (LunaID.activateLicense(applicationContext)) {
    LunaID.init(
        app = this@App,
        lunaConfig = lunaConfig
    )
} else {
    Log.e("@@@@", "activation failed")
}
```

For a detailed example, see App.kt.

Example license file

Below is a sample content of the "license.conf" file:

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3.1.2 In LUNA ID for iOS

Important: Starting from v.1.7.2, you need to define the license in your final app in the "vllicense.plist" file. The "data/license.conf" file must remain empty.

To activate the license:

- 1. Request **Server**, **EID**, and **ProductID** from VisionLabs. For details, see License parameters.
- 2. Specify the received parameters in the "vllicense.plist" file and save the changes.
- 3. Add the file to your final app.

The license key will be generated and saved to the specified directory. The license file has a binary format. At the next launch of the mobile app on the same device, the license will be read from this file.

You can optionally rename the "vllicense.plist" file. To do this, change the default value, which is vllicense.plist, of the LCLunaConfiguration::plistLicenseFileName property.

Example license file

Below is a sample content of the "vllicense.plist" file:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE plist PUBLIC "-//Apple//DTD PLIST 1.0//EN" "http://www.apple.com/DTDs/
PropertyList-1.0.dtd">
<pli><pli>t version="1.0">
<dict>
  <key>Server</key>
  <string></string>
  <key>ProductID</key>
  <string></string>
  <key>EID</key>
  <string></string>
  <key>ContainerMode</key>
  <real></real>
  <key>ConnectionTimeout</key>
  <integer></integer>
  <key>Filename</key>
  <string>license.dat</string>
```

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</dict>

3.2 License parameters

License parameters and further processing requires the following parameter:

Parameter	Description	Туре	Default value	Required
Server	Activation server URL	String	Not set	Yes
EID	Entitlement ID	String	Not set	Yes
ProductID	Product ID	String	Not set	Yes
Filename	The default name of the file to save the license to after activation. The maximum length of the file name is 64 symbols. We do not recommend that you change this name.	String	Not set	No
ContainerMode	If run in container.	Real	0	No
ConnectionTimeout	The maximum time, in seconds, for the transfer operation to take. Setting the timeout to 0 means that it never times out during transfer. You can't set the parameter to a negative value. The maximum value is 300 seconds.	Integer	15	No

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4. API documentation

4.1 API documentation

This section includes links to LUNA ID for iOS and LUNA ID for Android RESTful API reference manuals. You can use these documents to find out about LUNA ID features and their implementation.

The table below provides links to the API reference manuals.

Module	Link
-	API reference manual
LunaCamera	LunaCamera Reference
LunaCore	LunaCore Reference
LunaWeb	LunaWeb Reference
	- LunaCamera LunaCore

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4.2 Changelog

4.2.1 API changes made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.5.0 in comparison to v. 1.4.x

This topic lists API changes that were made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.5.0 in comparison to v. 1.4.x.

The changes are:

- 1. The whole flow of a LUNA ID camera is now exposed via LunalD.allEvents(). You can subscribe to it to catch all events or subscribe to specific events, for example:
- LunaID.finishStates()
- LunaID.detectionCoordinates()
- LunaID.detectionErrors()
- LunaID.interactions()
- 2. All callbacks were replaced with the native Flow API:
 - The detection coordinates API was changed. The CameraOverlayDelegateOut class was removed. Instead, use LunaID.detectionCoordinates().
 - The CameraUIDelegate class was removed. Instead, use LunaID.finishStates(). That is, CameraUIDelegate#bestShot, CameraUIDelegate#canceled, CameraUIDelegate#error are no longer supported.
 - LunalD.showCamera() does not require CameraUIDelegate anymore.
 - LunaID.unregisterListener() was removed.
 - LunaID.popLastCameraState() and LunaID.getLastCameraState() were removed.
 - LunaError and its descendants were replaced with the DetectionError enumeration. For example, instead of LunaError.messageResId, use DetectionError.messageResId.
 - Interaction parameters moved from LunaConfig. Now, to setup a blink interaction, provide its parameters to LunaID.showCamera(). For example, instead of LunaConfig.interactionEnabled or LunaConfig.interactionTimeout, use BlinkInteraction().
- 3. LunaID.showCamera() now accepts a list of interactions to be run.

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4.2.2 API changes made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.5.1 in comparison to v. 1.5.0

This topic lists API changes that were made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.5.1 in comparison to v. 1.5.0.

The changes apply to OneShotLiveness estimation configuration.

Prior to the API changes, LunalD.init() accepted an argument of the LivenessSettings type to specify how the estimation will be performed. This argument no longer exists. Instead, the estimation is set in LunaConfig.

For details, see Performing Online OneShotLiveness estimation and Disabling OneShotLiveness estimation.

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4.2.3 API changes made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.6.0 in comparison to v. 1.5.1

This topic lists API changes that were made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.6.0 in comparison to v. 1.5.1.

The changes are:

• Now, build gradle does not require the following code block, so you need to remove it:

```
androidResources(
ignoreAssetsPatterns.addAll(
...
)
```

- The BestShot class does not contain the pre-computed descriptor field. To get a descriptor of a particular version, use LunaUtils. For details, see Using descriptors.
- Now, LunalD.init() does not accept the areDescriptorsEnabled parameter. For details, see Using descriptors.

In earlier versions of LUNA ID for Android, the main distribution package included all .plan files. You could exclude unnecessary .plan files by using <code>ignoreAssetsPatterns</code> . Now, the ai.visionlabs.lunaid:core:1.6.0 package includes only necessary .plan files. The files are:

- FaceDet_v2_first_arm.plan
- FaceDet v2 second arm.plan
- FaceDet_v2_third_arm.plan
- ags angle estimation flwr arm.plan
- ags v3 cpuplan
- eye_status_estimation_flwr
- eyes estimation flwr8
- headpose v3
- model subjective quality v1
- model_subjective_quality_v2

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Additional .plan files are available in the following distribution packages:

- ai.visionlabs.lunaid:cnn59:1.6.0 Contains the following .plan files used for descriptor generation from an image:
 - cnn59m_arm.plan
 - cnn59m cpu.plan
- ai.visionlabs.lunaid:cnn52:1.6.0 Contains the following .plan files used for descriptor generation from an image:
 - cnn52m_cpu.plan
 - cnn52m_arm.plan

For details on using descriptors, see Using descriptors.

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4.2.4 API changes made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.8.4 in comparison to v. 1.6.0

This topic lists API changes that were made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.8.4 in comparison to v. 1.6.0.

The changes are:

- Deprecated the acceptGlasses parameter. Now, use the glassesChecks parameter to restrict images of people in glasses from being best shots.
- Deprecated the LunaConfig.border* parameters. Now, use the borderDistance parameter to specify a face recognition area.

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4.2.5 API changes made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.9.4 in comparison to v. 1.8.4

This topic lists API changes that were made in LUNA ID for Android v.1.9.4 in comparison to v. 1.8.4.

The changes apply to strategies of initializing border distances to specify a face recognition area. You can now do this with the following strategies:

- InitBorderDistancesStrategy.Default() Specifies a strategy when border distances are not initialized.
- InitBorderDistancesStrategy.WithCustomView() Specifies a strategy when border distances are initialized with an Android custom view.

For details, see Face recognition area.

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5. Initial setup

5.1 Initial setup of LUNA ID for Android

This topic describes how to perform the initial setup of LUNA ID to start using it in your Android projects.

5.1.1 Step 1. Get the .aar file

To download the .aar file:

- 1. Specify the file repository.
- 2. Provide user credentials in the *local.properties* file.
- 3. Add the following code fragment to the repositories block in the settings.gradle.kts file:

The *settings.gradle.kts* file is located in the root directory of your project and defines which projects and libraries you need to add to your build script classpath.

```
repositories {
    ...

ivy {
    url = java.net.URI.create("https://download.visionlabs.ru/")
    patternLayout {
        artifact ("releases/lunaid-[artifact]-[revision].[ext]")
        setM2compatible(false)
    }
    credentials {
        username = getLocalProperty("vl.login") as String
        password = getLocalProperty("vl.pass") as String
    }
    metadataSources { artifact() }
}
```

5.1.2 Step 2. Provide your user credentials

Only authorized users can download artifacts from https://download.visionlabs.ru/.

To provide your user credentials, in the *local.properties* file:

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1. Specify your user credentials:

```
vl.login=YOUR_LOGIN
vl.pass=YOUR_PASSWORD
```

2. Add a function for getting your login and password:

```
fun getLocalProperty(key: String, file: String = "local.properties"): Any {
   val properties = java.util.Properties()
   val localProperties = File(file)
   if (localProperties.isFile) {
      java.io.InputStreamReader(java.io.FileInputStream(localProperties), Charsets.UTF_8).use
{ reader ->
      properties.load(reader)
   }
   } else error("File from not found: '$file'")

if (!properties.containsKey(key)) {
   error("Key not found '$key' in file '$file'")
   }
   return properties.getProperty(key)
}
```

We recommend that you add the *local.properties* file to *.gitignore* for the version control system does not track the file.

5.1.3 Step 3. Add the .aar file as a dependency

To initialize LUNA ID with your project, you need to add the .aar file as a dependency in the build.gradle.kts file. The build.gradle.kts file defines various build settings such as dependencies, plugins, library versions, compilation and testing settings, and so on. All these settings affect how the project is build and what functionality it contains.

To add the .aar file as a dependency, add the following piece of code to the dependencies block of the build.gradle.kts file:

```
dependencies {
...
implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:core:{VERSION}@aar")
}
```

For example, implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:core:1.2.3@aar").

You need to update the {VERSION} parameter when a new version of LUNA ID is released.

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5.1.4 Step 4. Initialize LUNA ID

To initialize LUNA ID in your project, specify the Application base class and the LunaID.init() function in the *build.gradle.kts* file:

```
class App : Application() {
    override fun onCreate() {
        super.onCreate()

        LunaID.init(
            app = this@App,
            lunaConfig = LunaConfig.create(),
            areDescriptorsEnabled = true
        )
     }
}
```

5.1.5 Step 5. Call LUNA ID functions

To use LUNA ID functionality, such as open a camera, send a request to LUNA PLATFORM 5, and so on, import LUNA ID libraries and specify the required functions in the *build.gradle.kts* file. Consider the following example:

```
import android.app.Application
import ru.visionlabs.sdk.lunacore.LunaConfig
import ru.visionlabs.sdk.lunacore.LunaCoreConfig
import ru.visionlabs.sdk.lunacore.LunaID
class DemoApp : Application () {
  override fun onCreate() {
     super.onCreate()
     LunaID.init(
       app = this@App,
       lunaConfig = LunaConfig.create(),
       areDescriptorsEnabled = true
     LunaID.showCamera()
     LunaID.apiHuman
     // specify the URL to LUNA PLATFORM
     val baseUrl = "http://luna-platform.com/api/6/"
  }
}
```

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The example has the following components:

Component	Description
LunaID.init()	Function. Initializes the LUNA ID library.
LunaID.showCamera()	Method. Opens a mobile device camera.
LunalD.apiHuman	Property. Provides access to the LUNA PLATFORM API and allows sending requests.
baseUrl	Variable. Specifies the LUNA PLATFORM URL that is used by the LunalD.apiHuman() function.

For detailed examples, see:

- CameraExample
- PlatformAPIExample

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5.2 Initial setup of LUNA ID for iOS

This topic describes how to perform an initial setup of LUNA ID to start using it in your iOS projects.

5.2.1 Step 1. Add XCFrameworks

To embed XCFrameworks into your app:

1. Drag and drop the following .xcframework files from the LUNA ID installation package to the **Frameworks, Libraries, and Embedded Content** section of Xcode:

flower.xcframework

File location: luna-id-sdk_ios_v.X.X.X\build\Release-iphoneos\frameworks\flower.framework\

fsdk.xcframework

File location: luna-id-sdk_ios_v.X.X.X\build\Release-iphoneos\frameworks\fsdk.framework\

LunaAuth.xcframework

File location: luna-id-sdk_ios_v.X.X.X\build\Release-iphoneos\frameworks\LunaAuth.framework\

LunaCamera.xcframework

File location: luna-id-sdk_ios_v.X.X.X\build\Release-iphoneos\frameworks\LunaCamera.framework\

LunaCore.xcframework

File location: luna-id-sdk_ios_v.X.X.X\build\Release-iphoneos\frameworks\LunaCore.framework\

LunaWeb.xcframework

File location: luna-id-sdk_ios_v.X.X.X\build\Release-iphoneos\frameworks\LunaWeb.framework\

tsdk.xcframework

File location: luna-id-sdk_ios_v.X.X.X\build\Release-iphoneos\frameworks\tsdk.framework\

2. Make sure that all the files have the **Embed** label so that they will be bundled with your final app. Otherwise, your app will crash at start.

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5.2.2 Step 2. Enable OneShotLiveness estimation

To enable OneShotLiveness estimation, specify the the following parameters in the LCLunaConfiguration object at the app start:

Parameter	Description
verifyID	The ID of a verifier used to roll out LUNA PLATFORM 5.
lunaServerURL	Specifies the LUNA PLATFORM 5 host URL. The URL should not have the slash at the end. For example: https://LUNA_PLATFORM_HOST/6.

For example:

5.2.3 Step 3. Specify license data

To specify LUNA ID license data:

- 1. Request **Server**, **EID**, and **ProductID** from VisionLabs.
- 2. In the fsdk.framework/data/license.conf file, specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Server	Activation server URL.
EID	Entitlement ID.
ProductID	Product ID.

For more information about LUNA ID license activation, see Licensing.

5.2.4 Step 4. Create a face recognition screen in your app

To create a face recognition screen on which the video stream from the camera is displayed:

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- 1. Add the LMCameraBuilder.viewController() method in the required part of your app.
- 2. Specify the LCLunaConfiguration object as an input parameter. It allows you to set various threshold values that affect the resulting recognition screen.

You can also set up a delay, in seconds, to define when the face recognition will start after the camera is displayed in the screen. To do this, use <code>LCLunaConfiguration.startDelay</code> .

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6. Working with LUNA ID

6.1 Best shots

6.1.1 Best shot estimations

This topic describes estimations that LUNA ID performs to evaluate image quality and determine whether the given image is the best shot or not.

How it works

LUNA ID searches for a face in each frame of a video stream recorded with your device's camera. The frame must contain only one face for LUNA ID to perform a series of estimations. Only frames with faces that pass these estimations are considered the best shots.

In LUNA ID for Android, the LunaID.allEvents() event (or more specialized LunaID.finishStates()) will emit the ResultSuccess event with the best shot found and an optional path to the recorded video.

In LUNA ID for iOS, the CameraUIDelegate.bestShot() callback receives the best shot.

If an estimation fails, the corresponding error message is returned.

In LUNA ID for Android, the best shot estimations are specified in LunaConfig.kt.

In LUNA ID for iOS, you can change values of best shot estimations' parameters in the LCLunaConfiguration structure.

Estimations

LUNA ID performs the following estimations to determine whether an image is the best shot:

FACE DETECTION BOUNDING BOX SIZE

Description

The estimation determines that a bounding box size with the detected face corresponds to the specified size. The estimation helps to check if a face is far from the camera.

The minimum recommended size of the face bounding box is 200x200 pixels.

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The default value is 200 pixels.

LUNA ID for Android

public const val DEFAULT_MIN_DETECT_FRAME_SIZE: Int = 200

LUNA ID for iOS

LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → minDetSize = 200;

Implementation

LUNA ID for Android

public val detectFrameSize: Int =
DEFAULT_MIN_DETECT_FRAME_SIZE

LUNA ID for iOS

@property (nonatomic, assign) NSInteger minDetSize:

FRAME EDGES OFFSET

Description

The estimation determines the distance from the frame edges and is based on the face detection bounding box size estimation.

The minimal border distance for best shot estimation without further OneShotLiveness estimation is 0 pixels.

For OneShotLiveness estimation, the minimal border distance is 10 pixels.

The default value is 0 pixels in LUNA ID for Android and 10 pixels in LUNA ID for iOS.

EYE STATE

Description

The estimation determines an eye state: open, closed, occluded.

In LUNA ID for Android, a frame with a face with closed eyes can be considered to be the best shot. For details, see Getting the best shot with faces with closed eyes.

In LUNA ID for iOS, the frames in which one or both eyes are closed are skipped.

If Dynamic Liveness is enabled, all frames can be considered the best shots, despite the eyes status.

Implementation

LUNA ID for Android

The estimation is performed only if eye interaction is enabled.

LUNA ID for iOS

@property (nonatomic, assign) BOOL checkEyes;
If set to true, the best shot with closed eyes will be skipped.

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HEAD POSE

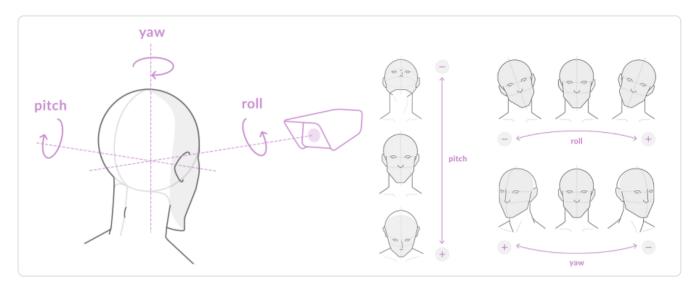
Description

The estimation determines a person's head rotation angles in 3D space, that is pitch, yaw, and roll.

The pitch rotation angle limits the head rotation along the X axis.

The yaw rotation angle limits the head rotation along the Y axis.

The roll rotation angle limits the head rotation along the Z axis.



Acceptable angle ranges, in degrees, are 0-45.

The pitch, yaw, and roll values must be between the minimal and maximum valid head position values.

The default values are:

Angle	LUNA ID for Android	LUNA ID for iOS
Pitch	public const val DEFAULT_HEAD_PITCH: Float = 25F	LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → estimationThreshold → headPitch = 25;
Yaw	<pre>public const val DEFAULT_HEAD_YAW: Float = 25F</pre>	LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → estimationThreshold → headYaw = 25;
Roll	public const val DEFAULT_HEAD_ROLL: Float = 25F	$\label{eq:local_local_local} \mbox{LCLunaConfiguration} \rightarrow \mbox{bestShotConfiguration} \rightarrow \mbox{estimationThreshold} \rightarrow \mbox{headRoll} = 25;$

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Implementation

Angle	LUNA ID for Android	LUNA ID for iOS
Pitch	<pre>public val headPitch: Float = DEFAULT_HEAD_PITCH</pre>	<pre>@property (nonatomic) CGFloat headPitch;</pre>
Yaw	public val headYaw: Float = DEFAULT_HEAD_YAW	@property (nonatomic) CGFloat headYaw;
Roll	public val headRoll: Float = DEFAULT_HEAD_ROLL	@property (nonatomic) CGFloat headRoll;

AGS (APPROXIMATE GARBAGE SCORE)

Description

The estimation determines the source image score for further descriptor extraction and matching.

An estimation output is a float score which is normalized in range [0..1]. The closer score to 1, the better matching result is received for the image.

The AGS estimation value must be between the minimal and maximum values:

LUNA ID for Android	LUNA ID for iOS
<pre>public const val AGS_MIN: Float = 0F</pre>	$\label{eq:local_local_local} \mbox{LCLunaConfiguration} \rightarrow \mbox{bestShotConfiguration} \rightarrow \mbox{estimationThreshold} \rightarrow \mbox{ags} \\ = 0;$
<pre>public const val AGS_MAX: Float = 1F</pre>	$\label{eq:local_local_local} \mbox{LCLunaConfiguration} \rightarrow \mbox{bestShotConfiguration} \rightarrow \mbox{estimationThreshold} \rightarrow \mbox{ags} \\ = 1;$

The default value is 0.5.

LUNA ID for Android	LUNA ID for iOS
<pre>public const val DEFAULT_AGS: Float = 0.5F</pre>	LCLunaConfiguration \rightarrow bestShotConfiguration \rightarrow estimationThreshold \rightarrow ags = 0.5;

Implementation

LUNA ID for Android	LUNA ID for iOS
public val ags: Float = DEFAULT_AGS	@property (nonatomic) CGFloat ags;

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IMAGE QUALITY ESTIMATION

Description

The estimation determines an image quality by the following criteria:

- The image is blurred.
- The image is underexposed, that is, too dark.
- The image is overexposed, that is, too light.
- The face in the image is illuminated unevenly and there is a great difference between dark and light regions.
- The image contains flares on face, that is, too specular.

To perform the estimation, LUNA ID uses the LUNA SDK SubjectiveQuality estimator. For details, see Image Quality Estimation.

The default values are:

Parameter	Default value
Blurriness	0.61
Lightness	0.57
Darkness	0.50
Illumination	0.1
Specularity	0.1

For details on how to change the default values, see Changing best shot image quality estimation thresholds.

BEST SHOT CAPTURE PERIOD

Description

The estimation determines that the frame was received in the time interval allotted for the best shot.

The estimation is performed only in LUNA ID for iOS.

The default value is 5.

Implementation

 $@property\ (nonatomic,\ assign)\ NSTimeInterval\ interactionTimeout;$

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FACE OCCLUSION

Description

The estimation determines whether the face in the frame is occluded with something. You can define whether such frames can be considered best shots. For details, see Getting the best shot with an occluded face.

EYE OCCLUSION

Description

The estimation determines whether eyes in the frame are occluded with glasses. You can define whether such frames can be best shot candidates.

In LUNA ID for Android, you can specify the following eye occlusion rules:

- Images of people in sunglasses cannot be considered best shots.
- Images of people in eyeglasses cannot be considered best shots.
- Images of people in any glasses cannot be considered best shots.

In LUNA ID for iOS, frames that contain faces with sunglasses will be excluded from best shot candidates. Images that contain faces with eyeglasses can be considered to be best shots.

For details, see Getting the best shot with faces with occluded eyes.

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6.1.2 Changing best shot image quality estimation thresholds

In LUNA ID, you can change thresholds of the image quality estimation according to your needs.

Important: The threshold values are set to optimal by default. We do not recommend that you change the values, unless you are certain of what you are doing.

To change image quality estimation thresholds:

1. Download the corresponding faceengine.conf file and open it in a text editor:

os	Download link
Android	faceengine.conf
iOS (for devices)	faceengine.conf
iOS (for simulators)	faceengine.conf

2. Change the required parameter values in the QualityEstimator::Settings section.

Important: When editing the faceengine.conf file, make sure that you change only the required values and do not remove any sections.

Parameter	Description	Default value
blurThreshold	Determines whether the image is blurred.	0.61
lightThreshold	Determines whether the image is overexposed, that is, too light.	0.57
darknessThreshold	Determines whether the image is is underexposed, that is, too dark.	0.50
illuminationThreshold	Determines whether the face in the image is illuminated unevenly and there is a great difference between dark and light regions.	0.1
specularityThreshold	Determines whether the image contains flares on face, that is, too specular.	0.1

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3. Place the faceengine.conf file in the corresponding directory:

os	Directory
Android	assets/data/
iOS (for devices)	fsdk.xcframework/ios-arm64/fsdk.framework/data
iOS (for simulators)	fsdk.xcframework/ios-arm64_x86_64-simulator/fsdk.framework/data

4. Rebuild and reinstall your app.

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6.1.3 Getting the best shot

With LUNA ID, you can capture video stream and get the best shot on which the face is fixed in the optimal angle for further processing.

Tip: In LUNA ID for Android you can specify a face recognition area for best shot selection.

In LUNA ID for Android

To get the best shot, call the LunaID.showCamera() method.

To receive a result, subscribe to LunaID.finishStates() for the StateFinished(val result: FinishResult) events.

A value of the result field depends on a best shot search result. Possible values are:

```
class ResultSuccess(val data: FinishSuccessData) : FinishResult()

class ResultFailed(val data: FinishFailedData) : FinishResult()

// when the camera closed before the best shot was found
class ResultCancelled(val data: FinishCancelledData) : FinishResult()
```

ResultSuccess

When the best shot was found, data: FinishSuccessData will contain the found best shot and an optional path to the recorded video.

```
class FinishSuccessData(
 val bestShot: BestShot,
 val videoPath: String?,
)
```

ResultFailed

Search for the best shot can fail for various reasons. In case the search fails, the data: FinishFailedData type will define a reason.

```
sealed class FinishFailedData {
    class InteractionFailed() : FinishFailedData()
    class LivenessCheckFailed() : FinishFailedData()
```

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```
class LivenessCheckError(val cause: Throwable?) : FinishFailedData()
  class UnknownError(val cause: Throwable?) : FinishFailedData()
}
```

ResultCancelled

If a user closes a camera screen before the best shot was found, data: FinishCancelledData will contain an optional path to the recorded video.

Since for getting the best shot, you open a camera in a new Activity class, pay special attention to the lifecycle of your code components. For example, the calling Activity class may be terminated or a presenter or view model may be recreated while searching for the best shot. In these cases, subscribe to any of the flows exposed via the LunaID class (.allEvents(), interactions(), and so on) with respect to a component's lifecycle. To do this, consider using the flowWithLifecycle() and launchIn() extension functions available for the Flow class in Kotlin.

Example

The example below shows how to subscribe to the StateFinished events with respect to components' lifecycles:

```
LunalD.finishStates()
.flowOn(Dispatchers.IO)
.flowWithLifecycle(lifecycleOwner.lifecycle, Lifecycle.State.STARTED)
.onEach {
    when (it.result) {
        is LunalD.FinishResult.ResultSuccess -> {
            val image = (it.result as LunalD.FinishResult.ResultSuccess).data.bestShot
        }
        is LunalD.FinishResult.ResultCancelled -> {

        }
        is LunalD.FinishResult.ResultFailed -> {
            val failReason = (it.result as LunalD.FinishResult.ResultFailed).data
        }
    }
    }
}
.launchIn(viewModelScope)
```

FACE RECOGNITION AREA

In some cases, you may need the best shot search to start only after a user places their face in a certain area in the screen. You can specify face recognition area borders by implementing one of the strategies described below.

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Border distances are not initialized

This strategy is useful if the border distances should be 0 pixels. This is the default strategy.

To implement the strategy, use the Default object of the InitBorderDistancesStrategy class.

Consider the code below for the strategy implementation:

```
LunalD.showCamera(
    activity,
    LunalD.ShowCameraParams(
    disableErrors = true,
    borderDistanceStrategy = InitBorderDistancesStrategy.Default
    )
)
```

Border distances are initialized with an Android custom view

This strategy allows you to define how to calculate distances to the face recognition area inside an Android custom view. The custom view can stretch to fill the entire screen and contain different elements, one of which is a circle that corresponds to the face recognition area. The custom view must implement the MeasureBorderDistances interface. The interface result value is a child object with custom view border distances. Implementation of this interface is required due to impossibility to get the distances outside the custom view and allows you to comply with the encapsulation principle.

Consider the example code below for the MeasureBorderDistances interface implementation. It also shows how to implement a business logic according to which a chin and forehead must be inside the face recognition area.

```
override fun measureBorderDistances(): BorderDistancesInPx {
    val radius = minOf(right - left, bottom - top) / 2f
    val diameter = radius * 2

    val distanceFromLeftToCircle = (width - diameter) / 2f
    val distanceFromTopToCircle = (height - diameter) / 2f

// business logic
    val foreheadZone = 64
    val chinZone = 36
    val horizontalMargin = 16

val distanceFromTopWithForehead = distanceFromTopToCircle.toInt() + foreheadZone
    val distanceFromBottomWithChin = distanceFromTopToCircle.toInt() + chinZone
    val distanceHorizontalToCircle = distanceFromLeftToCircle.toInt() + horizontalMargin
    // business logic ends

return BorderDistancesInPx(
    fromLeft = distanceHorizontalToCircle,
```

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```
fromTop = distanceFromTopWithForehead,
  fromRight = distanceHorizontalToCircle,
  fromBottom = distanceFromBottomWithChin,
)
}
```

To implement the strategy, use the InitBorderDistancesStrategy.WithCustomView class. You also need to pass an argument with the ID of the custom view on the XML markup to the object of the WithCustomView class.

Consider the example code below for the strategy implementation:

```
LunaID.showCamera(
    context,
    LunaID.ShowCameraParams(
        disableErrors = true,
        borderDistanceStrategy = InitBorderDistancesStrategy.WithCustomView(
            R.id.overlay_viewport
        )
     )
    )
)
```

ADD A DELAY BEFORE STARTING FACE RECOGNITION

You can optionally set up a fixed delay or specific moment in time to define when the face recognition will start after the camera is displayed in the screen. To do this, use the StartBestShotSearchCommand.

ADD A DELAY BEFORE GETTING THE BEST SHOT

You can optionally set up a delay, in milliseconds, to define for how long a user's face should be placed in the face detection bounding box before the best shot is taken. To do this, use the LunaID.foundFaceDelayMs parameter. The default value is 0.

In LUNA ID for iOS

To get the best shots, pass a value to the delegate parameter of the LMCameraBuilder.viewController camera controller instance creation function that conforms to the LMCameraDelegate protocol.

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With the implementation of the LMCameraDelegate protocol, the camera controller will interact with the user application. In the implemented methods, you will receive the best shot or the corresponding error.

```
public protocol LMCameraDelegate: AnyObject {
   func bestShot(_ bestShot: LunaCore.LCBestShot, _ videoFile: String?)
   func error(_ error: LMCameraError, _ videoFile: String?)
}
```

ADD A DELAY BEFORE STARTING FACE RECOGNITION

You can optionally set up a delay, in seconds, to define when the face recognition will start after the camera is displayed in the screen. To do this, use LCLunaConfiguration.startDelay.

ADD A DELAY BEFORE GETTING THE BEST SHOT

You can optionally set up a delay, in seconds, to define for how long a user's face should be placed in the face detection bounding box before the best shot is taken. To do this, define the LCLunaConfiguration::faceTime property. The default value is 5. In case, the face disappears from the bounding box within the specified period, the BestShotError.FACE_LOST will be caught in the LCBestShotDelegate::bestShotError delegate.

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6.1.4 Getting the best shot with an occluded face

In LUNA ID, you can define whether images with occluded faces can be considered best shots.

In LUNA ID for Android

To define whether an image with an occluded face will be considered the best shot, use the LunaConfig.acceptOccludedFaces parameter.

The acceptOccludedFaces parameter has the following values:

Value	Description	
true	An image with an occluded face can be the best shot.	
false	An image with an occluded face cannot be the best shot. The NotificationDetectionError event will appear in LunalD.allEvents() with payload DetectionError.OccludedFace every time an occluded face is recognized.	

To estimate an image on face occlusion:

1. Add the required .plan files to the dependency:

```
implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:mask:1.7.0@aar")
```

2. Specify the acceptOccludedFaces parameter in LunaConfig:

```
LunaConfig.create(
    acceptOccludedFaces = false
)
```

If acceptOccludedFaces = true, you do not need to add the dependency.

In LUNA ID for iOS

To define whether an image with an occluded face will be considered the best shot, set the LCLunaConfiguration.occludeCheck parameter to true.

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6.1.5 Getting the best shot with faces with closed eyes

Important: This topic applies to LUNA ID for Android.

In LUNA ID, you can define whether images with faces with closed eyes can be considered best shots.

To do this, you the |acceptEyesClosed | parameter. The parameter has the following values:

Value	Description
true	Specifies that frames that contain faces with closed eyes can be best shots.
false	Default. Specifies that frames that contain faces with closed eyes cannot be best shots.

Consider an example below:

```
LunaConfig.create(
acceptEyesClosed = false,
)
```

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6.1.6 Getting the best shot with faces with occluded eyes

In LUNA ID, you can define whether an image in with occluded eyes can be considered the best shot.

In LUNA ID for Android, you can specify the following eye occlusion rules:

- Images of people in sunglasses cannot be best shots.
- Images of people in eyeglasses cannot be best shots.
- Images of people in any glasses cannot be best shots.

In LUNA ID for iOS, images that contain faces with sunglasses will be excluded from best shot candidates. Images that contain faces with eyeglasses can be best shots.

In LUNA ID for Android

To get best shots with faces with occluded eyes:

1. Add the required .plan files to the dependency:

```
implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:glasses:X.X.X@aar")
```

2. Specify the glassesChecks parameter in LunaConfig to define the type of glasses in the image and whether the image can be the best shot:

GLASSESCHECKS

Specifies what images with glasses can be best shots.

Possible values:

Value	Description
GlassesCheckType.GLASSES_CHECK_SUN	Defines that images with people in sunglasses cannot be best shots.
GlassesCheckType.GLASSES_CHECK_DIOPTER	Defines that images with people in eyeglasses cannot be best shots.

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You can specify either one, none, or both possible values.

The default value is not set.

In LUNA ID for iOS

To get best shots with faces with occluded eyes, set the LCLunaConfiguration.glassesCheckEnabled property to true. This will enable the eye occlusion estimation. Only images that contain faces in eyeglasses will be considered best shots.

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6.2 OneShotLiveness

6.2.1 About OneShotLiveness estimation

OneShotLiveness is an algorithm for determining whether a person in one or more images is "real" or a fraudster using a fake ID (printed face photo, video, paper, or 3D mask).

OneShotLiveness is used as a pre-check before performing face detection.

OneShotLiveness estimation types

With LUNA ID, you can perform the following types of OneShotLiveness estimation:

Online OneShotLiveness estimation

To perform Online OneShotLiveness estimation, LUNA ID sends a request to the LUNA PLATFORM 5 /liveness endpoint. For more details about LUNA ID and LUNA PLATFORM 5 interaction, see the Interaction of LUNA ID with LUNA PLATFORM 5.

Offline OneShotLiveness estimation

To perform Offline OneShotLiveness estimation, you do not need to send requests to LUNA PLATFORM 5. You can perform the estimation directly on your device.

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Image requirements

An image that LUNA ID takes as input must be a source image and meet the following requirements:

Parameters	Requirements
Minimum resolution for mobile devices	720x960 pixels
Maximum resolution for mobile devices	1080x1920 pixels
Compression	No
Image warping	No
Image cropping	No
Effects overlay	No
Mask	No
Number of faces in the frame	1
Face detection bounding box size	More than 200 pixels
Frame edges offset	More than 10 pixels
Head pose	-20 to +20 degrees for head pitch, yaw, and roll
Image quality	The face in the frame should not be overexposed, underexposed, or blurred.

OneShotLiveness thresholds

By default, two thresholds are used for OneShotLiveness estimation:

- Quality threshold
- Liveness threshold

QUALITY THRESHOLD

Quality threshold estimates the input image by the following parameters:

- Lightness (overexposure)
- Darkness (underexposure)
- Blurriness
- Illumination
- Specularity

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The table below has the default threshold values. These values are set to optimal:

Threshold	Value
blurThreshold	0.61
darknessThreshold	0.50
lightThreshold	0.57
illuminationThreshold	0.1
specularityThreshold	0.1

For details on image quality estimation, see Image Quality Estimation and Quality estimator settings.

LIVENESS THRESHOLD

Liveness threshold is the threshold lower which the system will consider the result as a presentation attack.

For images received from mobile devices, the default liveness threshold value is **0.5**. For details, see Liveness threshold.

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6.2.2 Performing Online OneShotLiveness estimation

You can automatically perform Online OneShotLiveness estimation by sending a request to the LUNA PLATFORM 5 //liveness endpoint. The estimation allows you determine if the person in the image is a living person or a photograph. You can then validate the received images with LUNA PLATFORM 5.

In LUNA ID for Android

To perform Online OneShotLiveness estimation:

1. Specify the livenessType: LivenessType field in LunaConfig. The field accepts one of the following values:

Value	Description
None	Disables the estimation. The default value.
Online	Enables the estimation by sending a request to the LUNA PLATFORM 5 /liveness endpoint.

2. Specify the required LUNA PLATFORM 5 server parameters in ApiHumanConfig.

The example below shows how to enable Online OneShotLiveness estimation:

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In LUNA ID for iOS

To perform Online OneShotLiveness estimation, you need to pass appropriate values for the livenessAPI and configuration parameters to the camera controller instance creation function LMCameraBuilder.viewController:

let controller = LMCameraBuilder.viewController(delegate: self, configuration: LCLunaConfiguration, livenessAPI: livenessAPI)

Parameter	Description
configuration	The parameter is represented by the LCLunaConfiguration structure.
livenessAPI	The API should be of type LunaWeb.LivenessAPIv6.

The API accepts the configuration parameter, which contains all the necessary settings for checking liveness.

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6.2.3 Performing Offline OneShotLiveness estimation

With LUNA ID, you can check liveness directly on your device. Unlike Online OneShotLiveness estimation, you do not have to send requests to the LUNA PLATFORM 5 //liveness endpoint to determine if the person in the image is a living person or a photograph.

In LUNA ID for Android

To perform Offline OneShotLiveness estimation:

1. Specify the neural network used for Offline OneShotLiveness estimation:

```
implementation("ai.visionlabs.lunaid:oslm:1.7.0@aar")
```

2. Specify the estimation type in LunaConfig:

```
LunaConfig.create(
LivenessType.Offline
)
```

In LUNA ID for iOS

To perform Offline OneShotLiveness estimation:

- 1. Make sure that you have the following .plan files in your deploy:
 - sdk.framework/data/oslm v4 model 1 arm.plan
 - fsdk.framework/data/oslm v4 model 2 arm.plan
- 2. In the LCLunaConfiguration structure, set the useOfflineLiveness parameter to true:

LCLunaConfiguration.useOfflineLiveness = true

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6.2.4 Disabling OneShotLiveness estimation

If you want to skip a liveness estimation over the best shot, you can disable a OneShotLiveness estimation.

In LUNA ID for Android

To disable OneShotLiveness estimations, set the <code>livenessType</code>: <code>LivenessType</code> field to <code>None</code> in <code>LunaConfig</code>.

If livenessType: LivenessType is not specified, OneShotLiveness estimations are disabled by default.

The example below shows how to disable OneShotLiveness estimations:

In LUNA ID for iOS

DISABLE ONLINE ONESHOTLIVENESS ESTIMATION

To disable Online OneShotLiveness estimation, disable sending of OneShotLiveness estimation requests to LUNA PLATFORM 5 by setting livenessType to linone. For example:

```
private lazy var configuration: LCLunaConfiguration = {
    let configuration = LCLunaConfiguration.defaultConfig()
    ...
    configuration.bestShotConfiguration.livenessType = .none
    ...
    return configuration
}()
```

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DISABLE OFFLINE ONESHOTLIVENESS ESTIMATION

To disable Offline OneShotLiveness estimation, set the useOfflineLiveness parameter to false in the LCLunaConfiguration structure:

LCLunaConfiguration.useOfflineLiveness = false

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6.3 Dynamic Liveness

6.3.1 About Dynamic Liveness

Dynamic Liveness estimation aims to determine whether a person is alive by interacting with a camera in your app.

The estimation is performed directly on your device without sending the request to a server.

Interaction types

To perform the Dynamic Liveness estimation, you can implement the following user interaction types:

- Blinking with either one or two eyes
- Head rotation to the left along the Y axis
- Head rotation to the right along the Y axis
- Head pitch up along the X axis
- Head pitch down along the X axis

In LUNA ID for Android, you need to specify the order in which the interactions will be performed. By default, all user interactions with a camera are disabled and the Dynamic Liveness estimation does not start. For details, see Performing Dynamic Liveness estimation.

In LUNA ID for iOS, you need to do one of the following to perform the Dynamic Liveness estimation:

- Specify a number of interactions to be performed. In this case, the interaction generator produces a random sequence of interactions. For details, see Specify a number of interactions or a sequence of interactions to be performed.
- Define a sequence of interactions to be performed. For details, see Define an interaction sequence or a sequence of interactions to be performed.

Dynamic Liveness defaults

TIMEOUT

You can set a timeout for every interaction to be performed. The timeout parameter value defaults to 5 seconds.

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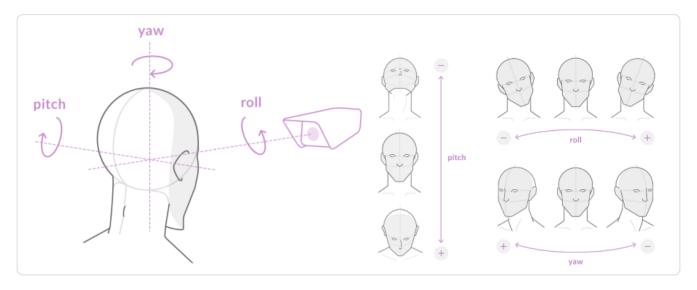
For details on setting a timeout, see:

- Set a timeout in LUNA ID for Android
- Set a timeout in LUNA ID for iOS

HEAD ROTATION ANGLES

A head rotation angle is the angle to which the user must turn their head for the interaction to be considered successful. The angles are:

- Pitch Limits the head rotation along the X axis.
- Yaw Limits the head rotation along the Y axis.
- Roll Limits the head rotation along the Z axis.



In LUNA ID for Android, default head rotation angles are as follows:

- Head rotation angles to the left and right along the Y axis are in the 10-30 degrees range.
- Head pitch up and down angles along the X axis are in the 5-20 degrees range.

In LUNA ID for iOS, default head rotation angles are in the 10-25 degrees range.

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6.3.2 Performing Dynamic Liveness estimation

This topic describes how to implement user interactions with a camera in your app to perform the Dynamic Liveness estimation.

In LUNA ID for Android

To perform the Dynamic Liveness interaction, do the following:

Enable the estimation by creating a list of interactions.

Specify optional parameters, such as:

- Interaction timeout
- Timeout between interactions
- Head rotation angles
- · Blinking with one eye

Important: By default, all user interactions with a camera are disabled. The Dynamic Liveness estimation does not start. You need to create a list of interactions to enable the estimation.

ENABLE THE ESTIMATION

To enable the estimation, create a list of interactions. To do this, pass the Interactions argument to the LunaID.showCamera(). For example:

```
LunaID.showCamera(
interactions = Interactions.Builder().build()
)
```

In cases, when you specify Interactions.Builder().build() or do not specify the interactions parameters at all, an empty list of interactions will be created. This means no interactions will be included.

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Interactions is a container for interaction parameters. You can add the following interactions to it:

Parameter	Description
YawLeftInteraction	Enables user interaction via rotating the head to the left along the Y axis.
YawRightInteraction	Enables user interaction via rotating the head to the right along the Y axis.
PitchUpInteraction	Enables user interaction via pitching the head up along the X axis.
PitchDownInteraction	Enables user interaction via pitching the head down along the X axis.
BlinkInteraction	Enables user interaction via blinking. See also Enable blinking with one eye.

Important notes:

- You can specify each parameter only once.
- The interaction parameters will be launched in the order you specify them in your code. If you do not specify the order, no interactions will be performed.

The interactions that you add to the list will be performed either in a random order or in a defined sequence.

Perform interactions in a random order

To perform interactions in a random order, add required interaction types with Interactions.Builder() .

Define an interaction sequence

To define an interaction sequence, use the addinteraction method as shown in the example below:

```
LunaID.showCamera(
interactions = Interactions.Builder()
.addInteraction(YawLeftInteraction)
.addInteraction(YawRightInteraction)
.addInteraction(PitchUpInteraction)
.addInteraction(PitchDownInteraction)
.addInteraction(BlinkInteraction)
.build()
)
```

SET AN INTERACTION TIMEOUT

Each interaction has the timeoutMs parameter. It determines the time, in milliseconds, during which this interaction must be completed.

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By default, the parameter value is 5 seconds.

SET A TIMEOUT BETWEEN INTERACTIONS

You can set a timeout between interactions in milliseconds. This means that a new interaction will start after the preceding one ends after the specified timeout is passed.

To do this, use the LunaConfig.interactionDelayMs parameter. By default, the parameter value is 0.

VIEW INTERACTION STATUSES

LUNA ID for Android has the StateInteractionStarted and StateInteractionEnded statuses. The statuses inform you about an interaction start and successful end, respectively.

SPECIFY HEAD ROTATION ANGLES

Head pose interactions have the startAngleDeg and endAngleDeg parameters. If you do not specify them, the default values will be used.

Parameter	Interaction	Default value	Description
startAngleDeg	YawLeftInteraction	10	Specifies the start angle at which the user must
VawBightInteraction 10	rotate their head for the interaction to be considered successful.		
	PitchUpInteraction	5	
	PitchDownInteraction	5	
endAngleDeg	YawLeftInteraction	30	Specifies the end angle at which the user must rotate their head for the interaction to be
	YawRightInteraction	30	considered successful.
	PitchUpInteraction	20	
	PitchDownInteraction	20	

ENABLE BLINKING WITH ONE EYE

To enable blinking with one eye, set the acceptOneEyed parameter of the BlinkInteraction interaction to true. This allows users to perform blinking with one eye, rather than two.

By default, the acceptOneEyed parameter is set to false.

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In LUNA ID for iOS

To perform the Dynamic Liveness interaction, do the following:

Enable the estimation.

Specify a number of interactions.

Optional. Define an interaction sequence.

Specify optional parameters, such as:

- Interaction timeout
- Timeout between interactions
- Head rotation angles

ENABLE THE ESTIMATION

To enable user interactions with a camera, pass appropriate values for the livenessAPI and configuration parameters to the LMCameraBuilder.viewController camera controller instance creation function:

let controller = LMCameraBuilder.viewController(delegate: self, configuration: LCLunaConfiguration, livenessAPI: livenessAPI)

Parameter	Description
configuration	The parameter is represented by the LCLunaConfiguration structure. The LCLunaConfiguration \rightarrow InteractionEnabled = true parameter is responsible for interaction with the camera.
livenessAPI	The API should be of type LunaWeb.LivenessAPIv6.

The API accepts the configuration parameter, which contains all the necessary settings for performing Dynamic Liveness.

SPECIFY A NUMBER OF INTERACTIONS

The interaction generator produces a random sequence of interactions from the interaction types list.

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You can specify a number of interactions to be performed. To do this, pass the stepsNumber parameter to the following property of the LCLunaConfiguration class:

@property (nonatomic, strong) LCInteractionsConfig *interactionsConfig;

Important:The number of interactions must not exceed 5.

DEFINE AN INTERACTION SEQUENCE

To define a user interaction sequence, use the

LMCameraViewControllerProtocol::defineInteractionsStep method. For example:

You can define an array of LCStepConfigProtocol objects:

Object	Description
LCBlinkConfig	Enables user interaction via blinking.
LCUpHeadTrackConfig	Enables user interaction via pitching the head up along the X axis.
LCDownHeadTrackConfig	Enables user interaction via pitching the head down along the X axis.
LCLeftHeadTrackConfig	Enables user interaction via rotating the head to the left along the Y axis.
LCRightHeadTrackConfig	Enables user interaction via rotating the head to the right along the Y axis.

You can set a timeout for each interaction.

SET AN INTERACTION TIMEOUT

You can set a timeout for every interaction to be performed in a random sequence. It determines the time, in seconds, during which an interaction must be completed.

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To do this, pass the interactionTimeout parameter to the following property of the LCLunaConfiguration class:

```
@property (nonatomic, strong) LCInteractionsConfig *interactionsConfig;
```

By default, the parameter value is 5 seconds.

SET A TIMEOUT BETWEEN INTERACTIONS

You can set a timeout between interactions in seconds. This means that a new interaction will start after the preceding one ends after the specified timeout is passed.

To do this, use the LCLunaConfiguration.interactionsConfig.timeoutBetweenInteractions property.

VIEW INTERACTION STATUSES

You can find current interaction statuses from <code>userInfo[NSStepStateKey]</code> in the <code>NSError</code> object which you will receive in the <code>bestshotError()</code> delegate method. For example:

```
func bestShotError(_ error: Error) {
  if ((error as NSError).code == BestShotError.NEED_TO_BLINK.rawValue) {
    print("blink interaction state <\((error as NSError).userInfo[NSStepStateKey] ?? 0)>")
  }
}
```

The statuses inform you about an interaction start, being in progress, and successful end.

SPECIFY HEAD ROTATION ANGLES

For user interactions via head rotations, you can specify head rotation angles. For the default values, see Head rotation angles.

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6.3.3 Interception of Dynamic Liveness interaction events

You can intercept interaction events via LunaID.detectionCoordinates().

Important: This feature is available in LUNA ID for Android only.

You will receive structure similar to the "error" and "detection" events:

```
{
    "action": "interaction",
    "state": ...
}
```

Where state is an object of the LunaInteraction class.

```
public enum class LunaInteraction {
   INTERACTION_FAILED,
   INTERACTION_STARTED,

   INTERACTION_EYES_OPENED,
   INTERACTION_EYES_CLOSED,
   INTERACTION_EYES_OPENED_AGAIN,

   INTERACTION_SUCCESS
}
```

Just like with errors based on this state, you can control how interaction messages will look like.

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6.3.4 Customizing Dynamic Liveness notifications

You can customize messages that are shown when a user performs blinking to fulfill the Dynamic Liveness estimation. For example, you can change:

- Notification language
- Fonts
- Font colors
- Background colors

In LUNA ID for Android

To customize Dynamic Liveness notifications:

- 1. Call LunaID.showCamera() with ShowCameraParams (disableInteractionTips=true).
- 2. Subscribe to CameraOverlayDelegateOut.receive to receive interaction events.
- 3. Implement your own camera overlay. For an example of creating an overlay, see LUNA ID Android Examples.
- 4. Use the overlay to implement any logic to show or hide customized interaction tips wherever you like.

In LUNA ID for iOS

To customize Dynamic Liveness notifications, use the

func showNotificationMessage(_newMessage: String) method of LMVideoStreamNotificationViewProtocol.

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6.4 Video streams

6.4.1 Recording a video stream

Recording a video stream is a task you may need to perform for further processing of images. The recorded video stream will then be divided into frames. The most suitable still images will be later used for facial recognition and getting the best shot.

In LUNA ID for Android

To record a video stream, open a camera by using recordVideo = true. For example:

```
LunaID.showCamera(
...
recordVideo = true,
)
```

When the camera finishes its work, LunalD.allEvents() (or more specialized LunalD.finishStates()) will emit the ResultSuccess event with the best shot found and an optional path to the recorded video. The entire process of getting the best shot is written to this video file.

LUNA ID does not manage the video file. This means, that file management, that is deletion, copying, sending to a server, and so on, is performed on your side.

The recording stops when the best shot is captured or when a user closes the camera before LUNA ID gets the best shot.

In LUNA ID for iOS

To record a video stream:

1. Define the recordVideo parameter as true in:

```
let controller = LMCameraBuilder.viewController(delegate: self, recordVideo: true)
```

2. Find the video file path in the bestShot function in the LMCameraDelegate protocol.

```
public protocol LMCameraDelegate: AnyObject {
  func bestShot(_ bestShot: LunaCore.LCBestShot, _ videoFile: String?)
```

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```
func error(_ error: LMCameraError, _ videoFile: String?)
}
```

The detected face in the frame is tracked all the time when the camera is on.

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6.4.2 Recording a video stream only with the face detected

With LUNA ID, you can record either entire video sessions or only video sessions in which a face was detected in at least one frame.

In LUNA ID for Android

To record a video stream only with the face detected, call LunalD.showCamera() with ShowCameraParams(recordVideo=true, ignoreVideoWithoutFace=true).

You can optionally set up a fixed delay or specific moment in time to define when the face recognition will start after the camera is displayed in the screen. To do this, use the StartBestShotSearchCommand command.

In LUNA ID for iOS

To record a video stream only with the face detected, pass appropriate values for the recordVideo and configuration parameters to the LMCameraBuilder.viewController camera controller instance creation function:

Parameter	Description
configuration	The parameter is represented by the LCLunaConfiguration structure. The LCLunaConfiguration → saveOnlyFaceVideo = true parameter is responsible for saving video files only with a face detected.
recordVideo	The parameter is responsible for saving the video file.

You can find the video file path in the bestShot function in the LMCameraDelegate protocol.

```
public protocol LMCameraDelegate: AnyObject {
   func bestShot(_ bestShot: LunaCore.LCBestShot, _ videoFile: String?)
   func error(_ error: LMCameraError, _ videoFile: String?)
}
```

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You can also set up a delay, in seconds, to define when the face recognition will start after the camera is displayed in the screen. To do this, use LCLunaConfiguration.startDelay.

The detected face in the frame is tracked all the time when the camera is on.

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6.4.3 Information about a recorded video stream

LUNA ID saves video stream to file with the following parameters:

Parameters	Android	iOS
Duration limits	None	None
Resolution	320×240 pixels	180×320 pixels
Frame rate	30 fps	30 fps
File format	.mp4	.mov
Video compression standard	.H264	.H264
Audio recording	None	None
Video stream re- recording	Yes The file with the recorded video stream is overwritten when a new video session starts.	Yes The file with the recorded video stream is overwritten when a new video session starts.

As LUNA ID does not limit a duration of a video stream, we recommend that you limit it at the client app level. This will help you minimize the size of the video file and possible security issues.

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6.5 Logs

6.5.1 Getting logs from mobile devices

LUNA ID writes service information to the logging system of the corresponding platform - Android and iOS. You can use this information diagnose and debug both the user application that uses LUNA ID and to debug and fix LUNA ID.

A common problem that requires getting logs is related to the image that LUNA ID takes as input. Before you start collecting logs, make sure that the image meets the requirements and the thresholds are correctly configured to pass the OneShotLiveness estimation. For more information on image requirements and thresholds, see About OneShotLiveness estimation.

Data to be provided to VisionLabs Technical support

Along with the collected logs, provide the following data to Technical Support:

- Device model on which the issue was detected
- MUI
- OS version
- LUNA ID version
- Detailed playback steps
- Video recording of the issue

Prerequisites

To successfully receive logs from mobile devices, the following prerequisites must be met:

- Make sure that the necessary values for FaceEngine and TrackEngine logging are set in the configuration files. For details on the required values and configuration files, see the FaceEngine and TrackEngine logging section.
- Before collecting logs, uninstall the app for which you are going to collect logs, and then reinstall it. Start collecting logs after the first launch of the app.
- The log file should contain entries from the moment the app was started until the problem occurred.
- Put the mobile device in developer or debug mode.

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FaceEngine and TrackEngine logging

For detailed logging of FaceEngine and TrackEngine, the following values must be set in configuration files:

File	Value
Faceengine.conf	<pre><param name="verboseLogging" type="Value::Int1" x="«4»"/></pre>
runtime.conf	<pre><param name="verboseLogging" type="Value::Int1" x="«4»"/></pre>
trackengine.conf	<pre><param name="mode" text="I2b" type="Value::String"/> <param name="severity" type="Value::Int1" x="0"/></pre>

Getting logs from Android devices

There are several ways to get logs from Android devices. To do this, we recommend that you use the **Logcat** window in Android Studio.

To get logs from an Android device:

- 1. Put your mobile device in developer mode:
- Depending on the manufacturer of the Android device, the instruction may vary slightly.
- 1.1 In settings, select **About phone** or **About tablet**.
- 1.2 Find the **Build Number** or **Android Version** section and repeatedly tap it.
- 1.3 Confirm the transition of the device to developer mode.
- 1.4 Go to **Settings** > **System** > **For Developers**.
- 1.5 Set the **USB Debugging** switch to on.
- 1.6 Allow USB debugging.
- 2. In Android Studio, open the **Logcat** tab. To do this, select **View > Tool Windows > Logcat** from the Android Studio menu.
- 3. In the upper-left corner, select the device from which you want to receive logs.
- 4. In the next field, select the logs of the required app. If you want to get logs of all apps, do not change this field.
- 5. Select the logging level **VERBOSE**.

With the VERBOSE logging level, you can see records from all previous levels and get the most useful information.

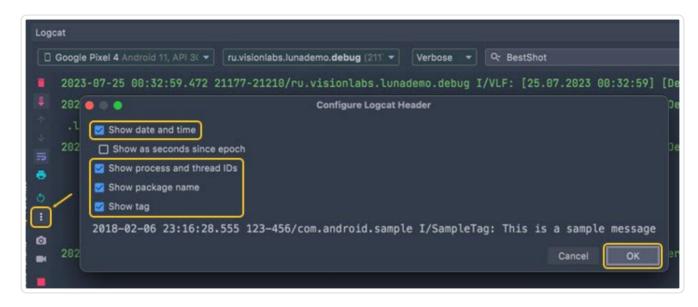
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6. In the search box, enter the required information to filter the results. For example, you can include a package name, a part like fatal, and so on.



- 7. Configure the display of logs:
- 7.1 Go to **Logcat** tab settings.
- 7.2 Select **Logcat Header**, check the following boxes and click **OK**:
 - Show date and time (required)
 - Show process and thread IDs
 - Show package name
 - Show tag

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The resulting logs contain the following data:

- Date and time of entry.
- Logging level (for example, D is Debug).
- The name of the tool, utility, package from which the message is received, as well as a decoding of the ongoing action.

2023-07-25 12:28:22.838 10776-10816/ru.visionlabs.lunademo.debug I/[BestShotBinding]: setListener called. listener is null: 0, bestShotObserver is null: 0 2023-07-25 12:28:40.685 10776-10776/ru.visionlabs.lunademo.debug D/DDD: Identification state changed: ru.visionlabs.sdk.lunaauth.identification .LunaIdentificationState\$BestShotInfo@e477935

Getting logs from iOS devices

The main tool for getting logs from iOS devices is XCode. Xcode is a software development environment for macOS and iOS platforms.

To get logs from an iOS device:

- 1. Put your mobile device in developer mode:
- 1.1 Go to **Settings** > **Privacy and Security**.
- 1.2 Find the **Developer Mode** section and activate the option.
- 1.3 Restart your device.
- 2. Connect your iOS device to your Mac.
- 3. From the Xcode menu, select the menu item **Window > Devices and Simulators**.

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- 4. Select the connected device.
- 5. Click the **View Device Logs** button. If you want to view the logs in real time, click the **Open Console** button.



- 6. In the search box, enter the required information to filter the results.
- 7. Find the needed log file and copy it to a text file.

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Tip: To pause the log stream, click the **Pause** button.

The resulting logs contain the following data:

- Date and time of entry.
- The name of the part of the system or application from which the message came.
- Event description, service information.



Getting logs for OneShotLiveness estimation from Android devices

If OneShotLiveness is enabled, you can find the corresponding data in logs.

Here is an example of logs for LUNA ID sending a request for OneShotLiveness estimation when getting the best shot:

- I --> POST https://luna-api-aws.visionlabs.ru/6/liveness?aggregate=1
- D Deallocating scratch [101632 bytes]
- I Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=d9fb08cd-a74a-4d22-b596-c9d1810c7470
- I Content-Length: 2510479
- I Luna-Account-Id: 12ed7399-xxxx-xxxx-bbc45e6017af
- I --> END POST (binary 2510479-byte body omitted)

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The response returns the following status codes:

• Status code 200

If the request has reached the server and the server was able to process it, it returns status code | 200 . For example:

```
I <-- 200 https://luna-api-aws.visionlabs.ru/6/liveness?aggregate=1 (5895ms)</p>
I server: nainx/1.19.2
I date: Tue, 08 Aug 2023 23:30:51 GMT
I content-type: application/json
I vary: Accept-Encoding
I luna-request-id: 1691548250,d70bca42-b40c-4c69-ae71-c3ce8207d3d3
I strict-transport-security: max-age=15724800; includeSubDomains
I access-control-allow-origin: *
I access-control-allow-credentials: true
I access-control-allow-methods: GET, PUT, POST, DELETE, PATCH, OPTIONS
I access-control-allow-headers: Authorization, Cache-Control, Content-Type, luna-account-id
| {"images":[{"filename":"0","status":1,"liveness":{"prediction":1,"estimations":{"probability":
0.9960508346557617,"quality":1.0}},"error":{"error code":
0,"desc":"Success","detail":"Success","link":"https:\/\/docs.visionlabs.ai\/info\/luna\/troubleshooting\/
errors-description\/code-0"}}],"aggregate estimations":{"liveness":{"prediction":1,"estimations":
{"probability":0.9960508346557617,"quality":1.0}}}
I <-- END HTTP (404-byte body)
```

Status code other than 200
 For details on status codes other than 200, please refer to the LUNA PLATFORM API documentation.

Getting logs for OneShotLiveness estimation from iOS devices

Currently, you cannot collect logs for OneShotLiveness estimation by using iOS features.

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6.5.2 Saving logs on an end user's device

With LUNA ID, you can optionally save log files on an end user's device. This feature is available in LUNA ID for Android v. 1.3.3 and later.

Important: This feature is available in LUNA ID for Android only.

To get log files and save them on your device:

1. Enable logging in LUNA ID: LunaID.showCamera(logToFile = true).

Every call of showCamera with logToFile set to true will create a log file with a session of getting the best shot on your mobile device.

2. Get the log files by calling Context#getFilesDir(). The files are stored in the logs folder inside your app's private folder. For details, see getFileDir.

We do not provide a solution for getting log files from your device. You need to realize it in your code by yourself. That is, you will need to add logic for getting these log files and sending them, for example, to your endpoint or to your mail.

We recommend that you do the following to get logs from your device:

- 1. In your app, realize hidden camera launching with collecting of logs. For example, you can do it by long-tapping the camera button or via the hidden developer menu in the release build.
- 2. When a user has a problem getting the best shot, you get the logs and forward them to our Support Team.

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6.5.3 Status codes and errors

LUNA ID responds with status codes and error messages to let you know how things are going.

LUNA ID for Android

ONESHOTLIVENESS ESTIMATION STATUS CODES

Code	Status	Description
200	Success.	The OneShotLiveness estimation request has reached the server and the server was able to process it.
400	Bad request.	The server cannot process the OneShotLiveness estimation request due to a client error.
403	Forbidden.	The server understands the OneShotLiveness estimation request but refuses to authorize it due to an error on the client side.
408	Request payload too large.	The server is unable to process the OneShotLiveness estimation request due to an error on the server side.
413	Service did not process the request within the specified period.	The OneShotLiveness estimation request payload exceeds the maximum size limit defined by the server.
500	Internal server error.	The server encountered an unexpected condition that prevented it from fulfilling the OneShotLiveness estimation request.
503	Service did not process the request within the specified period.	The server is currently unable to handle the OneShotLiveness estimation request due to maintenance or an overload of requests.
504	Server timeout error.	The server did not receive a timely response from the upstream server that it needed to complete the OneShotLiveness estimation request.

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BEST SHOT ESTIMATION ERRORS

Error	Description
BadEyesStatus	Eyes in the frame are occluded or closed. For details, see Eye state.
BadHeadPose	Head rotation angles are not in the specified range. For details, see Head pose.
BadQuality	Image quality is low. For details, see Image quality estimation.
BlurredFace	A face in the frame is blurred. For details, see Image quality estimation.
FaceLost	A face that has been tracked disappeared from the frame.
FaceOutOfFrame	A face is too close to the camera and does not fit the face recognition area.
GlassesOn	Eyes in the frame are occluded with glasses. For details, see Eye occlusion.
OccludedFace	A face in the frame is occluded. For details, see Face occlusion.
PrimaryFaceLost	The primary face has disappeared from the frame and another face has appeared.
TooDark	The image is underexposed, that is, too dark. For details, see Image quality estimation.
TooManyFaces	The frame has more than one face.
TooMuchLight	The image is overexposed, that is, too light. For details, see Image quality estimation.

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LUNA ID for iOS

LUNACORE INITIALIZATION ERRORS

The below status codes apply to LUNA ID for iOS.

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Code	Error message	Description
1000	LunaCore module initialization error.	The LunaCore module failed to initialize.
1001	Bad quality.	The input image does not meet image quality thresholds.
1002	The user's head is turned too much.	Head rotation angles are not between the minimal and maximum valid head position values.
1003	Multiple faces were detected in the frame.	The frame must contain only one face for LUNA ID to perform a series of estimations, and then select the best shot.
1004	Liveness check has not been passed.	OneShotLiveness estimation failed.
1005	A face has not been found.	For the image to be considered the best shot, it must contain a face.
1006	Need to blink.	A Dynamic Liveness estimation interaction error.
1007	Interaction timeout.	The frame was not received in the time interval allotted for the best shot.
1008	Medical mask is on the face.	The person in the input image is currently wearing a medical mask on the face.
1009	Mask is not on the right place.	The mask is not covering the right areas on the person's face.
1010	Face is occluded by something.	The face is not properly visible in the input image.
1011	The image is blurred.	The input image does not meet the blurriness threshold.
1012	The image is underexposed (i.e., too dark).	The input image does not meet the darkness threshold.
1013	The image is overexposed (i.e., too light).	The input image does not meet the lightness threshold.
1014	The face in the image is illuminated unevenly (there is a great difference between light and dark regions).	The input image does not meet the illumination threshold.
1015	Image contains flares on face (too specular).	The input image does not meet the specularity threshold.
1016	The face is too far.	The bounding box size with the detected face does not correspond to the specified size.

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Code	Error message	Description
1017	The face overlaps borders.	The bounding box size with the detected face does not correspond to the specified size.

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6.6 Changing detection settings

6.6.1 In LUNA ID for Android

The LunaCore.aar file uses default detection settings. These settings are stored in the .conf files inside LunaCore.aar and you cannot change them directly. However, you can change them if you put the files of the same name in your app along the assets/data path.

For example, if you need to change the FaceEngine settings, then inside your app, where LunaCore.aar is connected as a dependency, you need to create the assets/data/ faceengine.conf file, which will contain all the FaceEngine settings.

Your faceengine.conf must contain all the settings, not just the ones you want to change, because your file will completely overwrite all the settings contained in LunaCore.aar.

6.6.2 In LUNA ID for iOS

To change detection settings, pass the required values for the parameters specified in the table below:

Function	Parameter	Description
LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → estimationThreshold	headPitch	Specifies the head rotation along the X axis.
LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → estimationThreshold	headYaw	Specifies the head rotation along the Y axis.
LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → estimationThreshold	headRoll	Specifies the head rotation along the Z axis.
LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration → estimationThreshold	ags	Specifies the source image score for further descriptor extraction and matching.
LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration	borderDistance	Specifies the distance from the frame edges and is based on the face detection bounding box size estimation.
LCLunaConfiguration → bestShotConfiguration	minDetSize	Specifies a bounding box size.
LCLunaConfiguration	startDelay	Specifies a timeout, in seconds, before face recognition begins.

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6.7 Using descriptors

Descriptors are data sets in closed, binary format prepared by recognition system based on the characteristic being analyzed.

LUNA ID uses .plan files that stores a compact set of packed properties, as well as some helper parameters used to extract these properties from the source image. The .plan files are:

os	.plan files
LUNA ID for Android	cnn52m_cpu.plan cnn52m_arm.plan cnn59m_arm.plan cnn59m_cpu.plan
LUNA ID for iOS	cnn52m_arm.plan cnn59m_arm.plan

Using the .plan files to generate descriptors will increase the size of your app. To learn how to measure the size added to your app, see Measuring the size that LUNA ID adds to your app.

6.7.1 In LUNA ID for Android

Descriptor functions are available in the following packages:

Package	.plan files
ai.visionlabs.lunaid:cnn59:1.6.0	cnn59m_arm.plan cnn59m_cpu.plan
ai.visionlabs.lunaid:cnn52:1.6.0	cnn52m_arm.plan cnn52m_cpu.plan

To get a descriptor, call a method of the LunaUtils class. For example:

```
public fun getDescriptorFromWrapped(
    warp: Bitmap,
    @DescriptorVersion descriptorVersion: Int = V59
): ByteArray {
}
public fun getDescriptor(
    image: Bitmap,
    @DescriptorVersion descriptorVersion: Int = V59
): ByteArray {
}
public fun matchDescriptors(
```

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```
first: ByteArray,
second: ByteArray,
@DescriptorVersion descriptorVersion: Int = V59
): Float {
}
```

All the methods take descriptorVersion as an argument. The argument has two possible values: V59 (default) and V52. The values specify the model version to be used. We recommend that you use V59.

6.7.2 In LUNA ID for iOS

To calculate descriptors, LUNA ID for iOS uses the cnn59m_arm.plan file by default. The .plan file and its version are defined in the fsdk.framework/data/faceengine.conf file:

```
<param name="model" type="Value::Int1" x="59" />
```

If you need to use the cnn52m_arm.plan file, change the fsdk.framework/data/faceengine.conf file as follows:

```
<param name="model" type="Value::Int1" x="52" />
```

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6.8 Using commands

This topic applies to LUNA ID for Android only.

LUNA ID for Android provides controls to manage a camera:

- StartBestShotSearchCommand
- CloseCameraCommand

6.8.1 StartBestShotSearchCommand

You can use the StartBestShotSearchCommand command to start a best shot search at any specified moment, that is after some event or a fixed delay.

If specified in Commands, a call to LunalD.showCamera does not automatically start the best shot search. To start the best shot search, you need to send the command with LunalD.sendCommand(StartBestShotSearchCommand).

6.8.2 CloseCameraCommand

You can use the CloseCameraCommand command you to specify when to close a camera after the best shot was found.

If specified in Commands, the camera will not be closed automatically when the best shot search finishes. Currently, this is the default behavior. You will still receive the LunalD.FinishResult finish event. You need to close the camera by calling LunalD.sendCommand(CloseCameraCommand).

6.8.3 Usage

To use the commands, you need to do the following:

1. Create the Commands instance with commands that you want to use:

```
Commands.Builder().apply {
    override(StartBestShotSearchCommand)
    override(CloseCameraCommand)
    }.build()
```

All the commands override the default behavior when specified. Only the specified commands will be accepted. If you try to send unspecified commands, an exception will be thrown.

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2. Call the LunaID.showCamera() method with the Commands instance.

If you do not specify commands, you can expect the default behavior. Nothing will change for you compared to the previous LUNA ID versions.

```
LunaID.showCamera(
...
commands = ...,
)
```

3. Send any command with LunaID.sendCommand().

6.8.4 Example

You can find a detailed example of how to use the StartBestShotSearchCommand and CloseCameraCommand commands in CameraExample.

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6.9 Tracking face identity

In LUNA ID, you can track a face identity of the face detected in a video stream during the entire session. This helps you avoid security issues and make sure that the detected face belongs to one person.

6.9.1 In LUNA ID for Android

Currently, you cannot configure this setting explicitly.

6.9.2 In LUNA ID for iOS

To implement face identity tracking, set the LCLunaConfiguration.trackFaceIdentity property to true . The default value is false .

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7. Interacting with LUNA PLATFORM

7.1 Interaction of LUNA ID with LUNA PLATFORM 5

Interaction between LUNA ID and LUNA PLATFORM 5 extends LUNA ID functionality and allows you to perform the following tasks:

- **Perform OneShotLiveness estimation** to determine whether a person's face is real or fake, for example, a photo or printed image.
- Send the best shot for descriptor matching to compare a set of properties and helper parameters, which describe a person's face, with the source image to determine the similarity of represented objects. The result is a similarity score, where 1 means completely identical, and 0 means completely different.

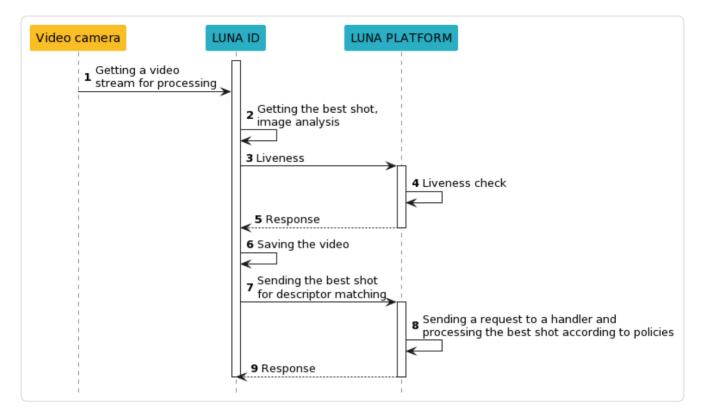
LUNA ID interacts with LUNA PLATFORM 5 via REST API.

Important: If you are not going to use the LUNA PLATFORM 5 API, we recommend that you disable OneShotLiveness estimation to avoid possible errors.

LUNA PLATFORM 5 functions as the backend and lets you create and use handlers. Handlers are sets of rules or policies that describe how to process the received images. For details on how to create and use handlers, see the LUNA PLATFORM 5 documentation.

The below diagram shows how LUNA ID interacts with LUNA PLATFORM 5. We recommend that you use it to integrate LUNA ID into your app.

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As the diagram shows, the process of interaction between LUNA ID and LUNA PLATFORM 5 is a back-and-forth communication between the frontend and backend.

Your mobile app runs on the frontend and embeds LUNA ID to use its key features. LUNA ID sends requests to LUNA PLATFORM 5 that functions as the backend.

But, when your production system is deployed, an interaction between LUNA ID and LUNA PLATFORM 5 is not realized directly. The interaction occurs via a secure channel through a middleware service that provides encryption and protection of the data being transferred.

Important. This document describes an example of direct interaction between LUNA ID and LUNA PLATFORM 5. VisionLabs does not provide security solutions for data transfer. You need to provide data protection by yourself.

We recommend that you use security best practices to protect data transfer. You should pay attention to the following security aspects:

- If you want to use the HTTPS protocol, then you need to add NGINX or other similar software to the backend.
- If you want to use the TLS cryptographic protocol, then you need to implement it at your mobile app.
- You might need to configure a firewall correctly.
- To restrict access, you can use LUNA PLATFORM 5 tokens, which can be transferred to a request header from LUNA ID.

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7.2 Usage scenario: Complete face recognition cycle

This section describes a sample LUNA ID usage scenario, which involves interaction with LUNA PLATFORM 5.

This is only an example. You need to change it according to your business logic.

7.2.1 Scenario description

You want to run a full face recognition cycle using frontend and backend.

7.2.2 Scenario realization stages

Applying a full face recognition cycle in your mobile app proceeds in stages:

- Getting the best shot with the detected face for best shot and OneShotLiveness estimation.
- Identifying that the face in the image belongs to a person from a client list (1:N identification).
- Matching the detected face with the face corresponding to the client ID in a global database (1:1 verification).

7.2.3 Prerequisites

To use this scenario, you need to configure LUNA PLATFORM 5 for it to work with LUNA ID. For details on how LUNA PLATFORM 5 works, see the LUNA PLATFORM 5 documentation.

The preliminary steps are:

- 1. Create a LUNA PLATFORM 5 account. For details, see Create account.
- 2. Create a list of faces in LUNA PLATFORM 5 for further identification and verification. For details, see Create list.
- 3. Add faces to the list by generating a handler event with the link to lists policy enabled.
- 4. Create handlers for the following operations:
 - Identification
 - Verification

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7.2.4 Scenario realization steps

The scenario has the following steps:

You should perform some of the scenario realization steps in LUNA PLATFORM 5.

- 1. Video stream processing and face detection.
- 2. Getting the best shot.
- 3. Sending the selected best shot for OneShotLiveness estimation in the backend.
- 4. Performing OneShotLiveness estimation at the LUNA PLATFORM 5 /liveness resource. The source image is required for the estimation.
- 5. Creating a warp for further face recognition, if the previous steps were successfully passed.
- 6. Saving the video stream with the detected face on the mobile device.
- 7. Sending the best shot to LUNA PLATFORM 5 for identification according to the existing list.
- 8. Performing the identification at the LUNA PLATFORM 5 /handler_id/events resource. This step creates a temporary attribute that will be used in step 11.
- 9. Receiving the results.
- 10. Sending a request for verification according to the existing list to LUNA PLATFORM 5.
- 11. Performing the verification at the LUNA PLATFORM 5 /verifier_id/verification resource.

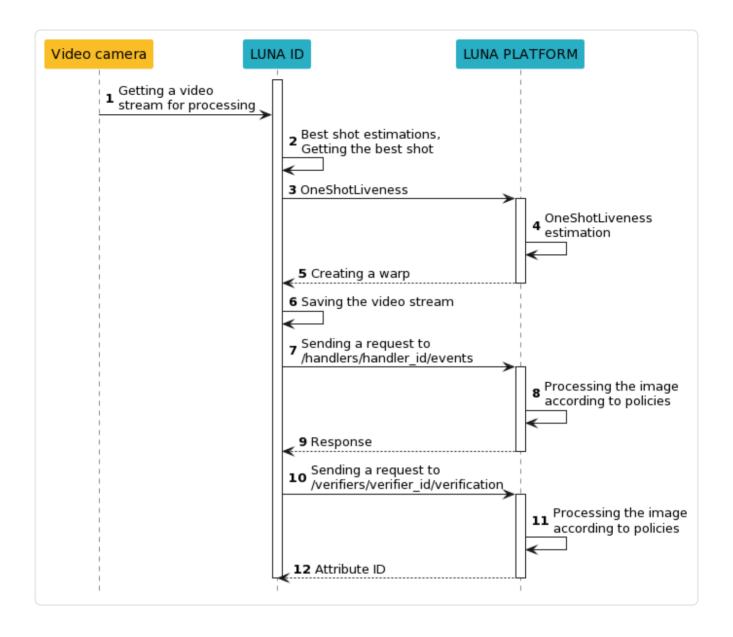
The resource does not create event objects in LUNA PLATFORM 5 with information about image processing.

12. Returning the attribute ID.

When implementing the scenario, you can either perform identification (step 8) or verification (step 10), not necessarily perform the both.

The diagram below shows the steps of this scenario:

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7.3 Specifying LUNA PLATFORM URL and handler IDs

To guarantee interaction of LUNA ID with LUNA PLATFORM 5, you need to specify the URL to LUNA PLATFORM 5. This URL will be used to send requests to LUNA PLATFORM 5.

Along with the URL to LUNA PLATFORM 5, you need to specify IDs of LUNA PLATFORM 5 handlers so you can perform the required tasks.

7.3.1 In LUNA ID for Android

Specify the baseUrl variable to provide the URL to LUNA PLATFORM 5 in the build.gradle.kts file. Consider the following example:

```
class DemoApp : Application () {
  override fun onCreate() {
    super.onCreate()
    ...

    LunaID.apiHuman

    // specify the URL to LUNA PLATFORM
    val baseUrl = "http://luna-platform.com/api/6/"
    }
}
```

The example has the following components:

Component	Description
LunaID.apiHuman	Property. Provides access to the LUNA PLATFORM API and allows sending requests.
baseUrl	Variable. Specifies the LUNA PLATFORM URL that is used by the LunaID.apiHuman() function.

To specify LUNA PLATFORM 5 handler IDs, define variables that correspond to the required handlers in constantHeaders. For details, see the PlatformAPIExample example.

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7.3.2 In LUNA ID for iOS

Specify the following parameters in the LCLunaConfiguration object at the app start:

Parameter	Description
identifyHandlerID	The ID of a handler that receives the best shot and identification according to the existing list of faces.
registrationHandlerID	The ID of a handler that registers a new user and receives the best shot and user name.
verifyID	The ID of a verifier used to roll out LUNA PLATFORM 5.
lunaServerURL	The LUNA PLATFORM 5 host URL. The URL should not have the slash at the end. For example: https://LUNA_PLATFORM_HOST/6.

For example:

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8. Best practices

8.1 Measuring the size that LUNA ID adds to your app

You can measure the size that LUNA ID adds to your app.

8.1.1 In LUNA ID for Android

To measure the size that LUNA ID adds to your app, do the following:

- 1. Update build files to build separate .apk files for different platforms:
 - In the build.gradle.kts file:

```
android {
    ...
    splits {
        abi {
            isEnable = true
            reset()
            include("armeabi-v7a", "arm64-v8a", "x86", "x86_64")
            isUniversalApk = false
        }
    }
    ...
}
```

• In the build.dragle file:

```
android {
...

splits {
    abi {
        enable true
        reset()
        include "armeabi-v7a", "arm64-v8a", "x86", "x86_64"
        universalApk false
    }
}
...
}
```

2. In Android Studio, run the Analyze APK utility.

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- 3. Open the build platfrom-specific .apk file (for example, armeabi-v7a) and see the size of the following files:
 - assets/data* folder
 - lib/{platform}/libTrackEngineSDK.so
 - lib/{platform}/libBestShotMobile.so
 - lib/{platform}/libflower.so
 - lib/{platform}/libMatchingKernel.s
 - lib/{platform}/libFaceEngineSDK.so
 - lib/{platform}/libwrapper.so
 - lib/{platform}/libc++_shared.so

Important notes

- Any other files are not part of LUNA ID and are added by other dependencies of your app.
- In the Analyze APK utility, there should be only one platform in the *lib* folder (for example, armeabi-v7a, arm64-v8a or any another). If there is more than one platform in this folder, then you are looking at a universal *.apk* file that includes all platforms. Go back a step and rebuild the app with splits.abi enabled.

8.1.2 In LUNA ID for iOS

Total size

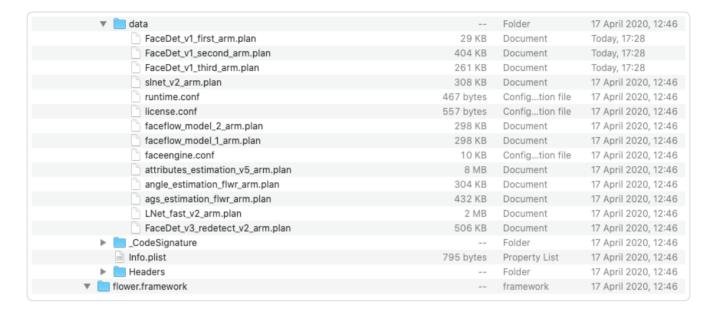
The number of .plan files included in the SDK library depends on your particular case. The app size depends on the selected .plan files.

After you select all the required .plan files for your app, sum their sizes to find the total size of the .plan files.

You can find the .plan files in fsdk.framework/data.

In the picture below, you can see the .plan files selected for this example.

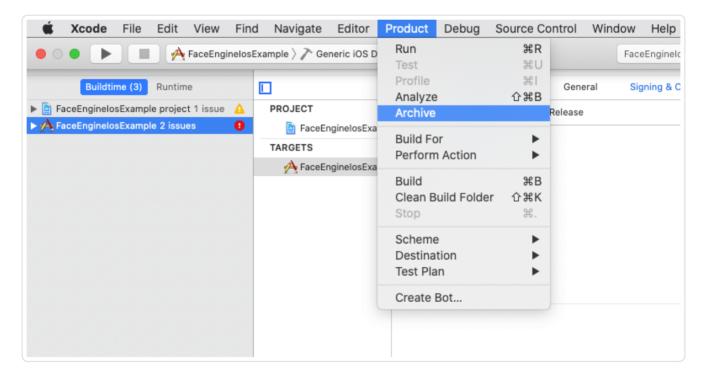
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Application size

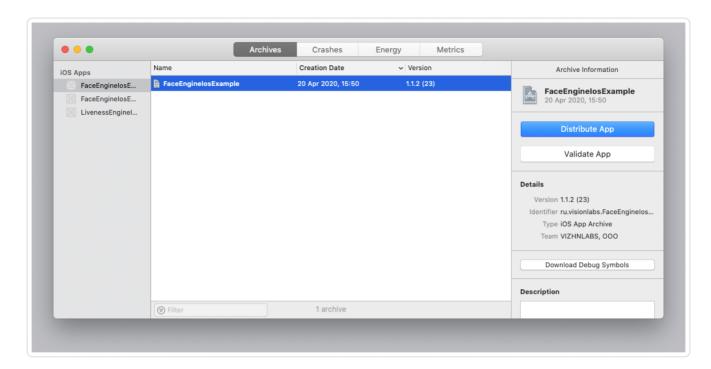
To find out the IOS application size, do the following:

- 1. Open your project with added frameworks in Xcode.
- 2. Go to **Product > Archive**.

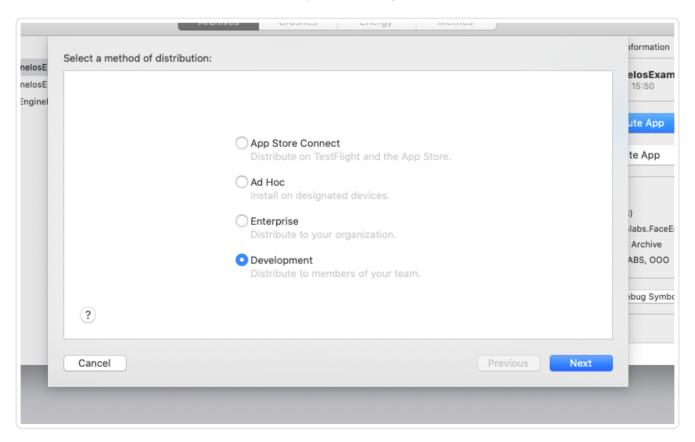


3. Click the **Distribute App** button after archiving finishes.

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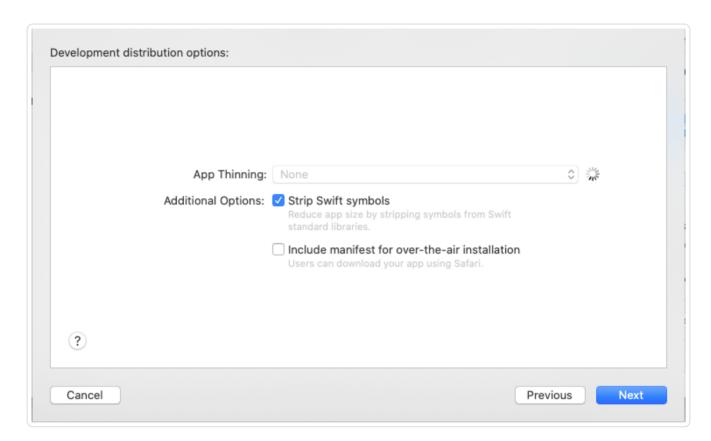


4. Select a distribution method. For example, **Development**.



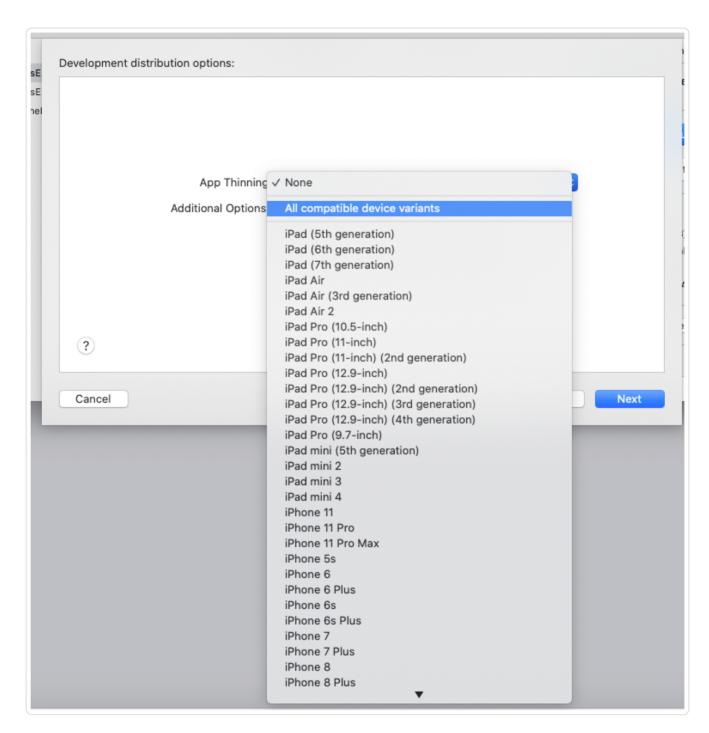
5. Select development distribution options.

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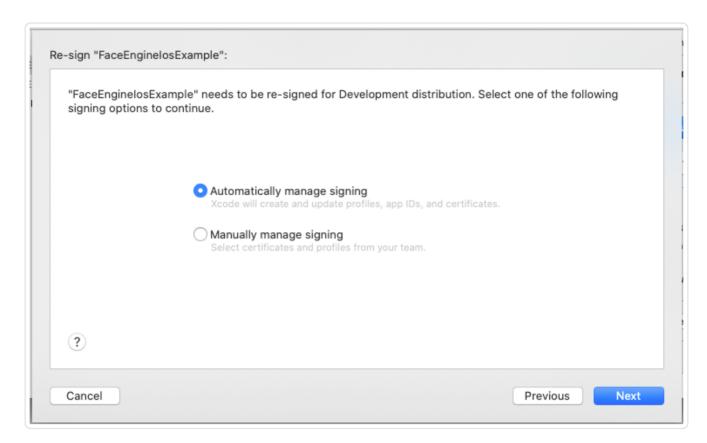
6. Select a device for distribution creation. For example, **All compatible device variants**.

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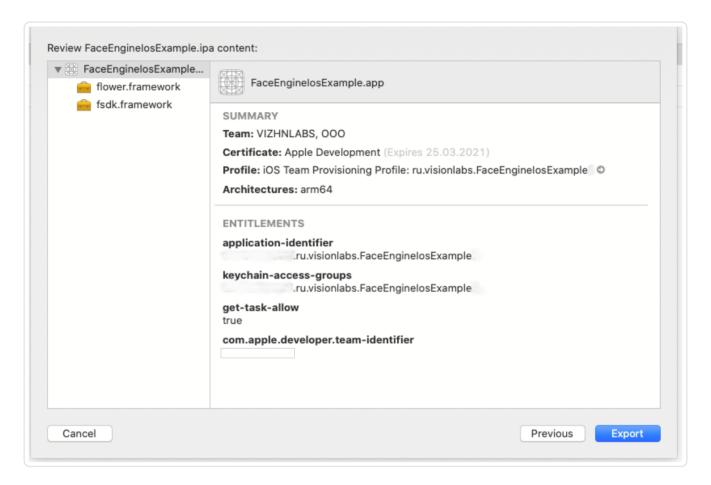
7. Re-sign your application. For example, by the developer signing.

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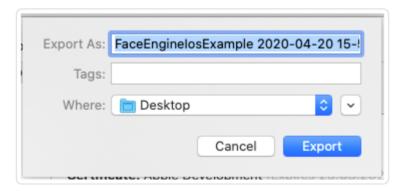


8. View the information about the archive.

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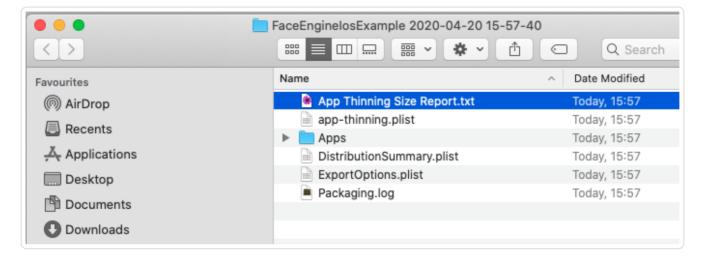


9. Export your app.



10. Open the App Thinning Size Report.txt file.

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11. Find necessary information about the application size.

The picture below shows the size of the application without additional swift frameworks from this example.

```
App + On Demand Resources size: 19,6 MB compressed, 25,3 MB uncompressed App size: 19,6 MB compressed, 25,3 MB uncompressed On Demand Resources size: Zero KB compressed, Zero KB uncompressed
```

12. Verify the size of the packed application.

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8.2 Reducing your app size by excluding .plan files

LUNA ID uses neural networks for face processing in images and video streams. Neural networks are stored in the .plan files. You can reduce the size of your app by removing unnecessary .plan files.

8.2.1 In LUNA ID for Android

You do not need to remove any .plan files as they are distributed separately. For details, see Distribution kit.

8.2.2 In LUNA ID for iOS

To reduce your app size, remove unnecessary .plan files from the sdk' directory.framework/ ios_arm64(or simulator)/fsdk.framework/data/ directory. The .plan files that you can remove are:

- glasses estimation flwr arm.plan
- mask clf v3 arm.plan
- oslm v4 model 1 arm.plan
- oslm v4 model 2 arm.plan
- cnn59m arm.plan

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8.3 Changing a status bar color

This topic applies to LUNA ID for Android.

In LUNA ID, you can specify a status bar color. To do this, use the statusBarColorHex parameter:

```
LunalD.showCamera(
    activity,
    LunalD.ShowCameraParams(
    disableErrors = true,
    borderDistanceStrategy = InitBorderDistancesStrategy.Default,
    statusBarColorHex = Color.WHITE
   )
)
```

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9. Documentation download page

Version	Documentation (pdf)
v.1.9.5	LUNA_ID_v.1.9.5.pdf

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